Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 11—Seventh Year. VICTORIA, B. C., WEDNESDAY, JULY 9, 1890. No. 336

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of To Let, Wanted, Etc., under these heads, four lines or under 25 cents for each insertion; and pro rata for more space or longer time.

WANTED—Twelve or 15 men wanted at the Gas Works, on the Gas Holder. Apply to George Stoehr, on the works. fly9-2i

WANTED—A girl for general housework in a small family. Washing given out. Address C. M. TIMES office. jly7-3i

WANTED—A good general servant in a small family. Apply between the hours of 10 and 1 p. m., and 4 till 5 p. m. Mrs. Urquhart, 119 Menzie street, James Bay. jn12-tf

HELP—The employers of labor will find it to their advantage to call on us, at the White Labor Employment Bureau, 91 Yates street, Victoria, when reliable help is required. Also Candies, Cigars, Fruits, etc. BINGHAM & REYNARD. jun4-3m

TO LET.

TO RENT—The upper story of the building occupied by Hall, Goepel & Co., No. 100 Government street, suitable for offices. Apply to Hall, Goepel & Co., No. 100 Government street. jly9-1m

TO LET—Excellent pasture at Cloverdale; for terms apply to J. W. Tolmie box 226. j301m

TO LET—MAINLAND BREWERY COLUMBIA street and 10th Avenue, Mount Pleasant, Vancouver B. C. This first class going concern is to let to suitable and responsible parties, and having every appliance required for the trade offers a splendid chance to anyone having the necessary experience. For terms apply to Robert Riesterer, P. O. box 101 Vancouver B. C. or at the brewery. je30-1m

TO LET.—After July 1st, the handsome residence Maplehurst, 153 Blanchard street, refurnished. Apply C. W. Rhodes. ap18-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A five chambered, silverplated pin fire pistol with box of cartridges. Cost $16 will take $8. F. H. 131 Johnson St. jy9

FOR SALE—Shorthorn cattle, Leicester sheep and Berkshire pigs. Apply to J. W. Tolmie, box 226. ju30-1m

FOR SALE—The finest farm in Comox, 157 acres, 70 under cultivation, orchard in bearing; ½ mile from school and two churches; Crown grant. The coal rights are worth the price asked for the whole farm, $6,000. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. june25-1m

FOR SALE—½ acre fenced, with small house on Saanich road; cheap. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. june25-1m

FOR SALE—Farm 200 acres convenient to market, $1200. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. june25-1m

FOR SALE—Water front properties, harbor, Victoria West, Fowl bay and Esquimalt. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. ju25-1m

FOR SALE—5 acre blocks, cultivated perfectly, suited for gardens from $180 per acre. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. ju25-1m

FOR SALE—3 houses paying good interest one locality. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. jun25-1m

FOR SALE—4 lots and 2 small houses corner Simcoe and St. Lawrence streets, $3250. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. jun25-1m

FOR SALE—A two storey house of eleven rooms, with woodshed and outbuildings, a garden in a high state of cultivation and several good bearing fruit trees, convenient to the centre of the city and in every way desirable property. For particulars apply to J. C. Flett, 8 Pioneer street. jun24-tf

FOR SALE—Bicycles and Tricycles. New and second hand, safeties and ordinaries. Prices to suit everybody. Wm. Christie, C. P. R. Telegraph office, Victoria, B. C. jul1-1m

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—At Caledonian Picnic a hair bracelet with gold fastening. Valued because of its being a keepsake. Finder will kindly return to this office. jly7-1w

LOST OR STRAYED—A Japanese pug dog. Answers to name of Jap. Finder will be rewarded on returning same or giving particulars of whereabouts to John J. Austin, 37 Government street, Victoria. jun30-tf

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured $200,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent,
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan31-y

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street, Victoria. P.O. Box 30.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND FITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Supply gas supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126.

CIVIL ENGINEERS, Etc.

C. W. BUSK,
Assoc. M. Inst. C.E., M. Can. Soc. C.E.
MINING AND GENERAL SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER.
Plans and estimates furnished, reports prepared, works undertaken, and contracts superintended for all kinds of Engineering or Surveying work in the south part of the West Kootenay District.
Address P. O. Box 346, Victoria, B. C., or Nelson, Kootenay Lake, B. C. jan28

G. HARGREAVES,
CIVIL ENGINEER, LAND SURVEYOR AND ARCHITECT.
Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings. S. E. corner of Government and Fort streets, upstairs, Victoria, B. C.

GRAHAM DEVEREUX,
CIVIL ENGINEER.
And Railway, Land and Mine Surveyor. Plans, specifications and estimates of structures and excavations prepared for contractors. Surveys taken by contract in all parts of the province and Washington. Timber limits located. Office—Room "C," White House (upstairs), Government street. P.O. Box 358. Branch office in Seattle. feb7-6m

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT
Office on the New Methodist Church site, corner Johnson and Quadra streets. jly5-tf

P. H. DONOVAN,
ARCHITECT.
Office, Craft & Norris Block, Douglas street. Plans and specifications furnished on the shortest notice. ap2-f

CORNELIUS J. SOULE,
ARCHITECT
Member Ontario Association of Architects. Offices, Government street, next to Geo. H. Maynard's. feb27-1m

T. R. NORGATE,
ARCHITECT
and Mechanical Engineer. Drawings for Patent Office. Office, Moody's Block, 76 Yates street, Victoria, B. C. fe26

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe26-f

SURVEYING PARTIES, fully equipped, and in charge of competent chief; Turn-backs promptly supplied. Draughtsmen, surveyors and blazers for hire. Mason & Moore, box 28, Port Townsend. ap26-f

SOCIETIES.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, No. 2, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy9 H. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 198, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. W. J. QUINLAN, je14-y Scribe E.

DOMINION LODGE, No. 4, I. O. O. F., meets at the hall, Douglas street, every Thursday evening. Thursday, 10th, Third Degree. JAMES AULD, N.G. de8

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P. Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. R. J. PLUMMER, oct9 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. ju18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing night soil, garbage, etc. Orders left with Jas. Full & Co., Fort street, grocers; E. C. Kellogg, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. aug22-1y

BANKERS.

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.
BANKERS,
Government street, Victoria, B. C. Deposits received in gold, silver and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits. Gold dust and U. S. currency purchased at highest market rates. Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers to San Francisco, New York and Canada. Exchange on London, available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland. Letters of Credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe. Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

PHYSICIANS.

HOMŒPATHIC REMOVAL.
DR. J. HALL
Will leave his rooms on Pandora street on Monday, December 2nd, for the new brick block corner of Yates and Douglas streets, where he may be consulted at the usual hours, from 1 to 4 p.m., excepting Sundays and holidays. nov27

J. K. GARROW, M. D.
(Lately attending Guy's Hospital, London, and Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh.) Specialties: Diseases of Women and Children and Chronic Diseases. Office and residence, corner of Douglas and Pandora streets, directly opposite City Hall. Office hours—9 to 11 a.m., 1 to 3, and 7 to 8:30 p.m. Calls in city or country promptly attended to. nov9-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

R. B. McMICKING,
10 THOUNCE AVENUE.
Supplies electric house bells, and annunciators in any quantity and style. No residence or hotel complete without them. my30-1m

QUEEN'S MARKET,
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

PORT CRESCENT.

The New City Across the Straits—What is Being Done.

The hotel at Lake Crescent is now open and Mr. Smith says he has ample accommodation for 12 people.

We are informed that work will soon be commenced at the townsite of Port Becher across the straits.

Mrs. August Peterson returned Monday from Victoria, B.C., where she has been visiting her parents for the past two weeks.

We want a saw mill at this place and want it badly. A good mill could be made to pay from the start and there are thousands of acres of fine timber close at hand.

The driving on the wharf is completed with the exception of driving fender piles. The work of planking is also nearly completed and work has been commenced on the warehouse for the last "el." This wharf runs out into the bay for a distance of 1175 feet; has two "els," two warehouses and three slips, and is out to water having a depth of 25 feet at low tide.

SPORTING NOTES.

Brief Resume of Sporting Matters Here and Elsewhere.

TACOMA, July 7.—One of the most miserable exhibitions of baseball ever seen was put up by both teams this afternoon, and only a small and disgusted crowd witnessed it. The cause of the trouble was the umpire, Ogara, who was wholly incompetent, and hardly knew the first principles of the game. He was appointed by Secretary Maxfield, McCue having been released.

It is said that he was driver of a pop wagon and pitcher in a shoe-store nine in this city. He would make a decision and the players would gather around him and he would change it. Then he got nervous at the grand stand, and if they gave a sign of disapproval before the decision was made he would decide that way. His calling of strikes and balls was simply outrageous. The clubs acted like a lot of small boys playing marbles, and any amount of squabbling was indulged in. It consumed as much time to play nine innings to-day as it took to play fifteen Saturday. The Seattle club could not play under such circumstances, and did not try. The game was featureless.

MORE WHEELERS.

Two more of the high class Brantford safeties came through from the east last night, consigned to Mr. W. C. Minor, the agent, for local wheelmen. The Brantford appears to be growing in popularity every day, riders of them speaking in the highest terms of their easyrunningness and ease of riding over rough roads.

Stationery at Dalrey's.

A DISASTROUS LAUNCH.

A NEW SHIP OVERTURNS WHILE BEING LAUNCHED.

The Louisiana House Passes the Lottery Bill Over the Governor's Veto—Snow Sheds Destroyed by Fire on the Southern Pacific Railway.

BATON ROUGE LA., July 9.—The lottery bill passed the house to-day over the Governors veto. The vote was, ayes 68, nays 31.

Killed Instantly.

CHICO, CAL., July 9.—At 7 o'clock last night, two miles south of Dayton, Isaac Fritter, 16 years of age, was unhitching horses from a derrick fork, and caught his hand in the bridle. The horses became frightened and suddenly dashed him against the wheel, killing him instantly.

Will Go Back.

NEWBURG, N. Y., July 9.—Edward M. Doyle, charged with bigamy, and under arrest here, has consented to go back to Portland, Or., with dectective Day.

From the Orient.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.—Influenza is greatly prevalent throughout Japan. So many Senators are down with it that a recent sitting had to be postponed owing to the inability of the members to attend. Distress among the poorer classes is increasing and there has been further rioting owing to the dearness of rice. At one town a mob made an attack on the residence of a wealthy merchant, who is known to be monopolizing rice, and demolished the place.

Can Recover Damages.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 7.—In the Supreme Court a decision was handed down in the case of Ida Moore, of Minneapolis, against Photographer Rugg. Rugg sold a copy of Mrs. Moore's picture, which was put on exhibition in improper places, much to the lady's discredit, and she brought suit for damages. The Supreme Court holds that it is a case in which there are grounds for recovering damages; that the photographer has no right to dispose of pictures, which are the sole property of the sitter. The decision is an important one, as similar cases have arisen previously in other parts of the country.

New Pacific Mail Steamers.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 7.—Mr. Johnson, Pacific coast manager of the Pacific Mail Company, said to-day that if the subsidy bill now being considered by congress became a law and his company secured the contract for carrying Japanese and China mails, a number of new and fast steamers will be built. The steamers now in use will probably be run between Acapulco and Panama.

Fire Consumes Them.

SACRAMENTO, July 7.—Fate seems to be against the snowsheds. Yesterday a stretch of 250 feet of sheds were destroyed by fire at Strong's canyon, near Summit. There was some talk last year, in view of the improved appliances for handling snow, of abolishing the sheds, but it is said that Huntington protested. Several sections of the sheds have been recently demolished by derailed trains and the heavy siege of last winter made it necessary, at great expense, to repair the sheds. The point of yesterday's fire is one of the worst on the hill for snow, and the burned sheds will be rebuilt.

The Moulders' Strike.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 7.—Everything was reported quiet at the iron foundries this morning, all the non-union moulders who went out to celebrate the Fourth of July have returned to work. At the striking moulders' headquarters a letter has been received from Chicago stating that the trade unions of that city had determined to give a ball for the benefit of the moulders in San Francisco.

Streaks of Solid Gold.

DENVER, July 7.—The News special from Tincup, Col., gives an account of the most wonderful discovery of gold ever reported in the world. The find is six miles from Tincup, on Cross mountain, and is owned by McCormick & Lewis. The lowest assay from this rock is $440 per ton, and there are specimens which put through $20,000 in gold to the ton. Two men are now taking out $5,000 each per day. If this streak is only one yard in depth and extends the full length of the claim, 1,500 feet, there is $563,000 worth of gold in it. If the dip goes down 10,000 feet it is worth $187,479,000. The average value is placed at $1,000 per ton. The excitement over the discovery is intense, and thousands of miners are rushing into the camp.

SHE TURNED TURTLE.

A New Vessel Leaving the Ways Capsizes and Drowns 50 Persons.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.—The steamer Gaelic arrived from Hong Kong and Yokohama this morning, bringing news that fifty nine people were drowned and twenty injured by the capsizing of sailing vessel which was launched at Osaka, Japan, on June 15th.

The owner of the vessel named Kine, invited all his relatives and intimate friends to be present at the ceremony and there were over a hundred people on board. The vessel in her progress down the slip was controlled by two cables. At first she moved smoothly and had entered the water to some depth when it was observed that one of the cables remained taut while the other slackened and the vessel listed to one side. Alarmed at this all on board rushed over to the other side, with the result of completely overbalancing the ship. She turned over in an instant and lay bottom upward. From underneath a series of muffled shrieks made themselves audible for a few seconds, and then all was still. The water at the place of the accident was eleven or twelve feet deep and though boats were at the scene of the catastrophe in a moment it was impossible to do more than succour those who had been thrown into the river clear of the vessel. A number of persons set to work to cut open the bolting of the ship hoping thus to rescue those within but this task proved impossible. The vessel was finally hauled to a landing and righted. Kine lost his whole family of seven persons with the exception of his father, who, though severely wounded was taken alive from the water.

THE DICTIONARY "FAKE."

A Cheap Webster "Reprint" Just 43 Years Out of Date, Exposed.

A few months ago the copyright on Webster's original but now ancient dictionary expired. This fact, says the Winnipeg Journal, gave everybody who might choose the right to reproduce it, and a number of enterprising American publishing houses who had more regard for the almighty dollar than for their reputation, soon took advantage of the opportunity. The result was that the American market was soon flooded with copies of the so-called "Webster's Unabridged Dictionary." The book itself is just 43 years behind the times, as it is nothing more or less than a very cheap reprint of the edition of 1847, with all its errors, and is therefore worse than useless.

The various publishing houses which issued the book vied with each other in circulating it, and well knowing, from the nature of the publication, that its success would be short-lived, they took every possible means to force its sale. One of the principal methods adopted was to secure the publishers of daily and weekly newspapers to offer it as a premium to their subscribers. Quite a number of newspapers on the other side adopted the "fake" and for a short time all went lovely, but the shrewd Yankee soon "caught on." Laterly it has been introduced into Canada by some newspapers which follow the cheap tea and general "fake" business, undoubtedly with the hope of regaining waning circulations. But where Americans could not be hoodwinked, Canadians will certainly not be.

THE POOL OF BETHESDA.

Recent Explorations by Monks Recover the Famous Water.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The American Consul at Jerusalem, Mr. Gilman, sends to the State Department an account of the recovery of the famous Pool of Bethesda. As is well known, the Birket Israel has in the past been considered as the site of the Bethesda; but the excavations of the Algerian monks under the ruins in the rear of the Crusader Church of St. Anne have gradually transferred opinion in favor of the latter locality. This was strengthened by the discovery of a rock-hewn pool containing water beneath three successive structures. Subsequent excavation revealed the remains of two tiers of five-arched porches, the lower tier being in the pool. The intelligent labors of the monks, who are in charge of the property, have been further rewarded by the recent discovery of another pool containing a good supply of water to the westward of that first discovered, the entire agreeing with the descriptions of the Bethesda as given by the fathers of the Church and Christian pilgrims and writers as early as the fourth century. The correspondence in number of the five porches to those mentioned in the Gospel of St. John will not escape notice. Steps cut in the rock lead down into the water. An ancient Christian church in ruins surmounts the entire structure. The remains of the upper tier of porches extend above the pool at right angles from the north wall of the crypt beneath the church, in which the apse, at the east end, though dilapidated, is still distinctly defined.

On clearing away the debris that choked the fifth porch westward of the apse all these discoveries culminated in revealing the remains of a painting or fresco upon the plaster of the wall in the rear. The fresco represents an angel as descending into and troubling the water, which latter is depicted by conventional zigzag and wavy lines of an olive green, shaded with black, more suggestive of Egyptian hieroglyphics than of modern art, and surrounding the figure on every side. The right hand of the angel was shown as uplifted; but this has been carefully destroyed, probably by the Moslems, after their habits, in the early days of their power. So, also, the face of the angel, which has been battered so as to be completely obliterated. The glory or nimbus above the head, painted an orange yellow, still remains, but little injured. The edge of the pool appears to be indicated by a broad red line, inclosing the painting, and having an occasional rectangular projection into the water, perhaps representing steps or the piers for the porches. On the east of this fifth barrelled arch, the wall extending at right angles, are the remains of another figure, also in fresco, much defaced and supposed to represent the Savior. Above the head, evidently intentionally mutilated, is a portion of the nimbus, and in the lower outer corner of the painting part of a blue robe.

It is to be regretted that these frescoes, the colors of which were quite bright when first uncovered, have since greatly faded, so that the blue is now a dull, ashy gray. The reds and yellows, however, though lowered in tone, preserve their hues somewhat better.

To summarize, these discoveries are as follows: First comes the rubbish covering the ruins, and built upon by the more or less modern Turkish houses; next beneath is the small church, with apse; under this the crypt, with five porches, containing the frescoes; and, fourth and last, underneath all is the pool itself, cut in solid rock, and with five arches of well preserved masonry. This last, from the historical and other evidence, is the veritable Pool of Bethesda.

"Lincrusta Walton," the most popular of all wall decorations at John Weller's 81 to 85 Fort street.

Baby Buggies, the finest and largest assortment in the city at low prices, from $9.50 up, at J. Sehl's 68 Government street.

TO BE PROTECTED.

DOMINION CABINET IN COUNCIL ON THE SEALING QUESTION.

A More Vigorous Policy Hinted at—Curious Effects From the Inundation of a Salt Mine—Latest Advices From the Orient—Smallpox in Japan.

BERLIN, July 9.—A German Jack the Ripper has turned up in Dusseldorf. A working girl aged 12 was found in a field near the town with her throat cut and mutilated after the fashion of the Whitechapel victims.

Eclipses the Telephone.

LONDON, July 9.—The English scientific world is exercised over an invention to solve the problem of visual telegraphy. The inventors claim that they have discovered a machine by which the sender from a distant station, with the assistance of a telephone speaks and appears in person by a series of mirrors cunningly arranged. The principle of optical illusion reproduces the person from behind the wall by means of mirrors. The sender, of course, appeared before the receiver. Such an imposition upon the scientific world is a disgrace to British science.

Cyclone in Arabia.

MUSCAT, July 9.—A great cyclone, resulting in appalling loss of life, has just swept this portion of Arabia. Immense damage was done to houses and plantations. Seven hundred persons were killed.

Dr. Peters O. K.

ZANZIBAR, July 9.—Dr. Peters, the German explorer, who has been reported massacred several times, has arrived here safely in good health.

Japan Advices.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.—The steamer Gaelic brings the following Japanese advices this morning:

Several cases of smallpox have appeared at Tokio and an epidemic is feared.

Three of the crew of the American ship John Currier have been arrested for attempting to burn the vessel, which was loaded with resin and kerosine. They have confessed.

Germans In Africa.

BERLIN, July 9.—It is stated that Emperor William II. is considering a project for creating the African state after the manner of the Congo state with himself as sovereign and the existing executive consisting entirely of German officials.

It is reported that the ill health of Col. Wisemann is not generally credited and he is likely to hold high rank in the coming organization as well as in the colonial council also in process of formation.

A Salt Mine Gives Up Its Dead.

VIENNA, July 9.—The recent heavy fall of rain raised the water which for many years has filled the salt mine near Hermanstadt, in Hungary, to such extraordinary height yesterday that a great many corpses floated to the surface where they were taken out with much danger and difficulty, and they proved to be the bodies of 200 Hungarian hoyveds who had fallen at the battle of Vetz Aknar, which was fought February 4th, 1849, and had been thrown into the mine. The corpses were so thoroughly preserved by the salt water in which they had been immersed that the wounds which had caused their death were still plainly to be seen. Two of the bodies were headless.

Letter Carriers Strike.

LONDON, July 9.—The anticipated dreaded strike of the letter carriers was inaugurated this morning when the men attached to the central offices went out. A delegation has been instructed by the carriers to present their grievances to Postmaster General Raikes. When the delegation arrived at the office of the Postmaster-General they found that he was absent. They saw the sub comptroller, however, and stated the demands of the men to him, but he informed the members of the deputation that he was powerless to reply on his own responsibility. The deputation informed the men of the result of their visit and the carriers decided to resume work until they could receive a reply to their demands from Postmaster-General Raikes himself.

TAKING A DECIDED STAND.

The English Government at Last Forced to Protect Canadian Sealers.

OTTAWA, July 9.—There was a lengthy meeting of the Cabinet held today, and it is understood that it was in connection with the Behring Sea question. The Ministers of the Cabinet who had been absent from the city returned to attend the meeting this morning. It is evident from what can be learned in official circles that the affair is causing considerable anxiety, as it is said that the British Government has at last been forced to assure the Dominion Government that they will take a decided stand in the matter in protecting Canadian interests, in doing that which is within the range of possibility to prevent serious complications between the United States and Great Britain, possibly an open rupture and resort to arms in which event it is pointed out that Canada would be the battle ground. Prominent officials remarked to-day that England had been coerced into taking the position she is now assuming, realizing that it is the only means by which public sentiment in favor of annexation with the United States may be checked, which movement has up to now been greatly strengthened by the indifference and apathy she has for a long time been manifesting towards Canadian interests.

A week ago at the instance of the British Government the Canadian Government carried into effect an act passed last session making it punishable with imprisonment for life for an officer or official of the Canadian Government to furnish any information regarding the defenses of the country to a foreign state. It is not difficult to see that there is considerable uneasiness surrounding the administration at Ottawa just now, notwithstanding their efforts to conceal any anxiety.

THE CAPITAL.

Daly Nominated Lieut.-Governor of Nova Scotia—Kenny Dead.

Special to the TIMES.]

OTTAWA, July 9.—Some time ago it was announced in this correspondence that Daly, ex-deputy speaker of the commons, would be appointed Lieut.-Governor of Nova Scotia. To-day the government organ here corroborates that statement.

Col. Chater, of the Argyle and Sutherland Highlanders, formerly A. D. C. to the Marquis of Lorne, arrived here to-day from China en route to England on four months leave of absence. Since he joined his regiment after leaving the Government House here he has been on foreign service at Cape Natal and China. He left China on the 2nd of June, arriving at Vancouver the 2nd of July, and took a train straight for Ottawa. So comfortable, he says, was he on the train, that he had no inclination to stay over, and therefore came right on to Ottawa. He wishes me to say that the C. P. R. was the most comfortable and best road in every way that he ever rode on. He will leave shortly for New York, where he takes his passage for England.

Kenly, of St. Jacques and Kenly, proprietors of the Russell House, died this afternoon.

BROWN-SEQUARD AGAIN.

The Celebrated Physician's "Elixir of Life" Not Yet a Forgotten Wonder.

PARIS, July 9.—Dr. Brown-Sequard has again come to the fore. It will be remembered what a sensation he created about a year ago by a discovery for which he claimed some virtue, of the "Fountain of Youth." Dr. Brown-Sequard's subcutaneous injections were a nine days' wonder, but nothing more. The scientists gave his discovery the cold shoulder, and the Academy of Medicine refrained from appointing a special committee to consider the subject as it has often done in analogous cases. Recently the Academy of Biology, before which Dr. Brown-Sequard read first his report on his discovery, was notified that the learned doctor desired to acquaint them with new developments in his system. During the winter months, while residing in Nice, he experimented with a septic injection of his famous solution, and found immense benefit from it. In his report Dr. Brown-Sequard claimed that by his new treatment there had been rapidly cured cases of chronic intermittent fever, rooted neuralgia, rheumatism, insomnia and even leprosy. He referred particularly to a cure obtained by a leading physician in the case of a gentleman well known to him and to a fellow member, M. d'Arsonval, who corroborated Dr. Sequard's statement. The new system finds no more favor with his scientific confreres than did his first. A large majority are more than sceptical, and speak pityingly of the grand intellectual capacity which is losing, if it has not already lost, its just balance.

There are, however, some who give open and unreserved admiration of the aged professor, who at the close of a long career, when other men are reaping on their laurels, perseveres in a labor which he believes to be that of science, careless of sneer or sarcasm. Among the latter stands prominently Dr. Variot, who was the first of the Paris physicians to experiment on others with the solutions which Sequard had so far only tried upon himself. Among the majority is Professor Germain See, whose lectures at the Hotel Dieu have placed him in the front rank of French physicians.

THE WORLD'S HARVEST.

The Crop Reports Gathered From All Parts of the Globe.

TORONTO, July 4.—Massey's Illustrated for this month, issued to-day, contains four pages in small type of the latest crop reports from over 200 reliable correspondents from all over the world. By a cablegram of the 2nd inst., the crops in Great Britain and Ireland are reported as having been materially injured by the late rains, but the general crop is expected to be very heavy.

On the continent of Europe wheat is ripening very fast and there is every prospect of good crops all over.

In South Africa the prospects are good, while in Australia the grasshoppers from the interior had eaten up the young blades of early sown wheat and grass.

In the United States the crop in Dakota is reported as fifty per cent. better than last year; in Michigan it is better, but in other states there is not much difference, being even worse in New York state.

In the Maritime Provinces the harvest will be from two to three weeks later and promises good. The hay crop is good.

In Ontario and Quebec there was a good deal of damage to crops by rain on low lands, but a good harvest is expected. The old meadows generally where they are killed.

In Manitoba, the Northwest and British Columbia a bountiful harvest is assured by the recent rains. The oat crop is not so good.

Speaking generally, now look up a year crop.

Fine dessert raisins at Dod H. Ross & Co.

Baggage Express.

The Inland Transfer Co. (Limited) Baggage Express office, Government street, near wharf, all trains and boats meet, baggage transferred to Page House and all modern points. jun

PAST AND PRESENT.

I remember, I remember
The house where I was born,
The little window where the sun
Came peeping in at morn;
He never came a wink too soon
Nor brought too long a day;
But now I often wish the night
Had borne my breath away.

I remember, I remember
The roses, red and white,
The violets and the lily cups—
Those flowers made of light!
The lilacs, where the robin built,
And where my brother set
The laburnum on his birthday—
The tree is living yet!

I remember, I remember
Where I was used to swing,
And thought the air must rush as fresh
To swallows on the wing;
My spirit flew in feathers then
That is so heavy now,
And summer pools could hardly cool
The fever on my brow.

I remember, I remember
The fir trees dark and high;
I used to think their slender tops
Were close against the sky;
It was a childish ignorance,
But now 'tis little joy
To know I'm farther off from heaven
Than when I was a boy.

—Thomas Hood.

A TALE OF OLD JAPAN.

In the first half of the Seventeenth century Kotsuke-no-Suke was the lord of Soma, a rich agricultural district containing 136 villages. Kotsuke-no-Suke was a hard, grasping landlord, who oppressed his peasants by heavy taxes until they were reduced to the last extremity of poverty. Year after year the wretched farmers petitioned their lord, through the village mayors, to have their burdens lightened, but without avail. Being a member of the shogun's cabinet, Kotsuke-no-Suke spent the greater part of the year in Yeddo, where he maintained a private palace and a host of retainers. His extravagance gave rise to much comment in the capital, but few of the haughty nobles who frequented his entertainments knew by what means the lord of Soma procured the vast sums of money necessary to support such lavish magnificence.

In the fall of the year 1643 the farmers dwelling on the estate of Kotsuke-no-Suke assembled together to devise measures for their relief. That year the taxes had been heavier than ever before and scores of families were threatened with starvation during the winter. The stoutest hearted among them were filled with despair at the apparent hopelessness of their situation. Sogoro, the mayor of one of the villages and himself a farmer, had been throughout all their vicissitudes the stanch friend of the down trodden peasants. He now advised them to draw up a petition to the shogun's cabinet and then to select a committee to go up to Yeddo and present it to that body. When the evil doings of their lord were known to his fellow councilors their upbraidings and his own wounded pride night shame him into mercy. Sogoro's plan was adopted, and he was one of the number chosen to go to Yeddo to present the memorial to the cabinet. Knowing the dangers that attended his mission he called his family together and said:

"I am going to Yeddo, and it may be that I shall never return, for it is hard to say how I shall be treated by those in power. I am willing, however, to give my life for the good of our suffering fellow tenants. Let us therefore drink a cup of wine together, for it may be that you shall see my face no more. If I die, mourn not over my fate—weep not for me."

Sogoro and his companions went to Yeddo, and there they soon learned of the riotous living of their spendthrift lord, and they wept when they reflected that all his wanton luxury was bought with the life blood of their famishing friends at Soma. In a few days they had an opportunity of presenting their petition to Lord Kuze, a member of the cabinet, and they all felt elated that the great nobleman had condescended to listen to their grievances and to accept their memorial.

The action of Kotsuke-no-Suke's tenants created no little stir in Yeddo, and many observations upon that nobleman and his style of living were made that could scarcely be called complimentary. But it does not do for people living in glass houses to throw stones. All the members of the shogun's cabinet had at one time or another been guilty of oppressing their own peasants, and it would be extremely awkward for them now to sit in judgment upon Kotsuke-no-Suke. So it was decided to return the petition to the complainants. Accordingly Sogoro received a summons to appear at the residence of Lord Kuze. There he was met by two councilors, who handed him the ill starred memorial, saying:

"A short time ago you had the audacity to thrust this petition into the hands of Lord Kuze. By his extraordinary clemency he forgives your offense, but beware that you do not again presume upon his lordship's forbearance, for ill will it fare with you."

"His lordship's censure is just," humbly responded Sogoro. "But, oh, my lords! this action of ours is not hasty nor ill considered. Year after year have we suffered untold hardships, until now we and our friends are without even the necessaries of life. Therefore have we presented this petition. I pray you, lords, consider our case—vouchsafe to help us that we may live. Our gratitude to you shall know no bounds."

"Your request is a just one," replied the councilors, when they had heard the words of Sogoro, "but your memorial cannot be received."

Disheartened beyond measure Sogoro sought out his companions and acquainted them with the result of their efforts. It was a gloomy evening which the farmers then spent together, discussing with fearful voices the desperate extremity to which the failure of their plans had reduced themselves and their friends. At last Sogoro said:

"There is still one thing left for us to do; we can appeal to our lord's master, the shogun. I know it is a capital offense for a commoner to approach his majesty, yet, for the sake of my suffering brethren, I shall sacrifice myself that their wrongs may be made known and happily righted. On the morrow, therefore, do you all, except six men, return to Soma and tell our poor friends to have stout hearts, for there is yet hope for them."

Sogoro had from the first been recognized as the leading spirit of the enterprise, and his companions now made haste to follow out his suggestions. The intrepid farmer and his six associates drew up a new memorial setting forth their grievance in a plain, straightforward manner and earnestly appealing for redress.

Shortly after, while the shogun, Iyemitsu, was on his way to Uyeno to worship at the tombs of his ancestors, Sogoro contrived to break through the troop of armed retainers that were escorting his majesty, and thrust the petition into the hands of the shogun. The daring farmer was seized and hurried off to prison. Iyemitsu was a just ruler and gave the peasants' memorial his careful attention. The result of it all was that Kotsuke-no-Suke was ordered to reduce his tenants' taxes to a proper amount, and to return to them the money he had wrongfully deprived them of.

The lord of Soma was a very angry man, but, though he might rage and vow vengeance upon the heads of his tenants, he had to obey the orders of his chief. And thus relief came at last to the long suffering peasants.

But, alas for poor Sogoro, the irrevocable law of the nation pronounced his offense deserving of death, and he was turned over to his legal lord for execution. In feudal Japan the nobility held the power of life and death over their peasant vassals, and now the cruel Kotsuke-no-Suke, thirsting for vengeance, determined to destroy the whole family of Sogoro. In vain his tenants, his samurai, his councilors, and even the princes of the surrounding country besought the lord of Soma to be merciful; the bloody tyrant was inexorable. Sogoro and his wife were condemned to be crucified, and their three sons, aged 7, 10 and 13 respectively, were ordered to be beheaded in the presence of their parents.

On the day of the execution all the inhabitants of the 136 villages of Soma assembled to bid Sogoro and his wife farewell and to encourage them with their presence and prayers. There was not one there, even to the executioners themselves, that did not call down the blessing of heaven upon the martyrs, while curses, deep and bitter, were hurled against the hated Kotsuke-no-Suke. After the parents were made fast to the crosses the three boys were led forth and beheaded in their sight. Friends received the bodies and bore them away to prepare them for burial. O Man, Sogoro's wife, turning to her husband, said in a cheerful voice:

"Remember, my husband, that from the first you had made up your mind to this fate. What though our bodies be disgracefully exposed on these crosses, we have the promises of the gods before us; therefore, mourn not. Let us fix our minds upon death; we are drawing near to paradise and shall soon be with the saints. Let us cheerfully lay down our lives for the good of our people."

"Well said, wife," responded Sogoro, gayly. "I am happy because I have attained my heart's desire. Our petition was successful; had I 500 lives, and could I 500 times assume this shape of mine, I would die 500 times to redress the wrongs of our people."

Then the executioner, taking his spear, thrust it into the side of O Man and into the side of her husband, and both died there in the sight of the sorrowing peasants. And Kotsuke-no-Suke's chief councilor, when all was over, came and knelt down before the dead body of the farmer and said:

"Although you were but a peasant you saved your brethren. You bruised your bones and crushed your heart for their sakes. Honors shall yet be paid to your spirit, and you shall be canonized as a saint; you shall become a tutelar deity among the people of Soma."

And so it came to pass. The farmers of Soma made the grave of Sogoro a place of prayer, and gradually came to look upon him as divine. Finally, a temple arose in his honor, and he was at length duly canonized as a Buddhist saint.—W. C. Ritchie in New York Ledger.

A Pest of White Ants.

Mr. E. H. Strykie of Australia, while at the Leland hotel, said the people of that continent are in need of metal furniture. He has been to England to secure school desks and seats of light metal which will be durable and cheap, but neither in England nor in America has he been able to get what he wants. He says the pest of Queensland is the white ant, against the ravages of which sheet iron roofing and tin covered chairs are the only protection thus far devised. The ants eat wood of every description, boring the doors and house rafters until they are honeycombed, tables, bedsteads and bureaus suffering similarly. Mr. Strykie thinks a metal furniture factory which could supply these things at a price permitting them to be shipped long distances would have a large trade on the Australian continent.—Chicago News.

Facile English.

"I see," said Spriggs, "that a Grand Rapids man has left his wife because she contracts debts."

"Right he is," answered Snaggs; "I'd leave my wife if she went about contracting debts."

"Well, all I have to say is that I wish my wife would contract debts. It's the expanding of them that takes the heart out of me," retorted Spriggs convincingly.—Detroit Free Press.

Caught by a Barbed Wire Fence.

A hunter near Freeport, Cal., attempted to row his boat under a barbed wire fence. The barbs caught him by the coat collar, and while his boat went on he was left suspended over the water. He remained in that position several hours before his cries for help were heard by other hunters.—Philadelphia Ledger.

How the Typewriter Was Invented.

In connection with a friend, Samuel W. Soule, a printer and inventor, C. L. Sholes was engaged in Milwaukee during the winter of 1866 and 1867 in developing a machine for printing the numbers of pages on the leaves of blank books, after the books were bound, and for printing the serial numbers on bank notes. Carlos Glidden, a friend of Sholes with an inventive fancy, took great interest in the paging machine and asked why a similar contrivance could not be made that would write letters and words instead of figures and numbers. The three men worked together upon this idea, but Sholes evolved the main part of the machine. He suggested pivoted types set in a circle. The principal contribution of Mr. Glidden was his suggestion that such a machine ought to be made. In September, 1867, a machine was finished and letters written with it. The invention was far from being a perfect writing machine, but one of the letters, sent to James Dinsmore, of Meadville, Pa., so interested him that he offered to pay all the expenses up to date for a one-fourth interest. His offer was accepted. Soule and Glidden subsequently dropped out, leaving Sholes and Dinsmore sole proprietors.—Kansas City Star.

Authors Prefer a Pen to a Pencil.

I find our poets, as a rule, strangely enough, use the pen almost without an exception. Mr. Lowell, Dr. Holmes and Mr. Whittier never think of the pencil as an instrument of composition. Mr. Aldrich, also, uses the pen, as does Margaret Deland and likewise Edmund Clarence Stedman. The poet Stoddard will vary between the pen and the pencil, as the mood may seize him. Robert Louis Stevenson, on the other hand, prefers a pencil, although he has written the complete manuscript of a novel with a pen. Mrs. Burnett also uses the pen, although during her recent illness she used a pencil almost exclusively. George William Curtis is loyal to the pencil in his rough drafts. Mr. Howells thinks he writes easier with the pen. What little manual literary work is done by Frank Stockton he does by the pen. Edgar Fawcett uses the pencil almost exclusively, as also does Anna Katherine Green, who writes best with a pad on her knee, and rarely uses a desk or table.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

The Incandescent Cure.

Overheard in the street:

"Howdy do, howdy do?"

"Oh, fair to middlin'; folks all well, but I have got a touch of rheumatix."

"Oh, you can get rid of that; I had it so bad I couldn't raise my hand to take a chaw terbaccer; but it's gone now."

"What did you take for it?"

"Wall, when they put up them 'lectric lights, I got one of their candles they had dropped, and carried it around in my pocket. You know 'lectricity is good for medicine. Waal, there is 'nough 'lectricity left in the candle when they put them out that some will soak inter you, and that knocks it every time. Jest try it."

"I will; where can I get one?"

"I've got a couple; take one."

"Much obliged; I'll give it a chance."—Electric World.

Always Clear. Never Musty

"Montserrat"

(Trade Mark.)

Pure Lime Fruit Juice.

What is lime juice? This question is rendered necessary by the prominent attention Lime Juice is attracting as the best temperance beverage. The answer is that it should be the juice of the lime fruit without admixture. By the "MONTSERRAT" Company alone is the lime fruit cultivated for this purpose, and great care should be taken to obtain this brand as supplied to the British Government, in lieu of the numerous concections sold under the name of Lime Juice Cordials, Prepared Lime Juice, etc.

Sold by all druggists, grocers and at the leading hotels.

Sole consignees of the Montserrat Company (Limited.)

Evans and Sons, Ltd.

Montreal and Toronto.

Je20-eod-3m.

JAPANESE BAZAAR,

41 FORT ST., VICTORIA.

PER S. S. ABYSSINIA:

Tea Sets, Blackwood Brackets and Cabinets, Chinese shape and other Gongs, Rice, Read and Bamboo Blinds, Cotton and Hemp Carpets, Fire Tables.

Stock removed from Government St. still selling very cheap.

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.

June3

NOTICE.

Solid Silver Butter Knives,
Solid Silver Cake Knives,
Solid Silver Coffee Spoons,
Solid Silver Fruit Spoons,
Solid Silver Jelly Knives,
Solid Silver Napkin Rings,
Solid Silver Pie Knives,
Solid Silver Sugar Spoons,

AND AN IMMENSE

STOCK OF PLATEDWARE

AT

DAVIDSON BROS.,

Watchmakers and Jewelers

1 YATES STREET

TO-DAY WE HAVE RECEIVED

OUR SECOND CONSIGNMENT OF

FANCY DRESS SILKS

CONSISTING OF

Colored, Printed and Plain Pongees
White and Cream Royale Silks,
Colored Satin Dentelle,
Colored Silk Broches,
Satin Merveilleux, also
Velvets in all the latest shades.

HENRY YOUNG & CO.

may19

MISCELLANEOUS.

G. A. McTAVISH

Has at his store

-::- ON PARK ROAD -::-

A choice assortment of

VEGETABLE

AND

FLOWER SEEDS.

Fancy Seed of the very best strain procurable, personally selected while in Scotland from the stock of the largest Prize Winner Great Britain.

Special Prizes will be offered at the Fall Exhibition of the B. C. Agricultural Society for the best flowers raised from this seed.

STORE AND NURSERY,

PARK ROAD, VICTORIA

SMOKE

KURTZ & CO.'S

Celebrated brands of

HAVANA CIGARS.

my1-1m

JOHN MESTON,

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Government street, between Johnson and Pandora streets,

VICTORIA, B. C.

DELMONICO

RESTAURANT AND OYSTER PARLOR

109 Government St., Victoria, B.C.

E. ESCALET, Proprietor.

This establishment is first class in every respect. Every delicacy of the season served in the best style. The finest imported wines and liquors are kept at the Delmonico.

Private dining rooms for ladies. Open day and night. Polite and attentive waiters.

Private parties catered for in any part of the city on the shortest notice.

N. B.—Having engaged a celebrated eastern cook for the season, patrons of the Delmonico can feel assured that all orders placed in his charge will receive the greatest care and attention. apl17

GOLD, WHALES & HONEY.

Honey in Manitoba,
Whales in Hudson's Bay,
Gold in British Columbia,
And rich nuggets all through

THE COLONIST.

A mine of curious and interesting reading.

Have you seen it? A 32-page illustrated magazine on fine paper. A perfect guide to Western Canada from Lake Superior to the Pacific Ocean.

SEND TEN CENTS FOR SAMPLE. STAMPS TAKEN.

Address:—THE COLONIST, Winnipeg, Can

NOTICE

Estate of John Charles Frederick Giesleman, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Supreme Court of British Columbia has granted probate of the will of the deceased dated 16th day of May, 1890, to Mr. Frank Carey and Mr. George Stelly, the executors therein named.

All persons indebted to or having claims against the estate are to make payment or application for payment to the executors at the office of the undersigned.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley Street, Victoria,
Solicitor for the Executors.

Dated 2nd July, 1890. jy2-1m

NOTICE.

AS I AM SHORTLY LEAVING THE CITY, notice is hereby given that all accounts against me will be paid on presentation on or before July 31, 1890, and I also request all persons indebted to me for goods for months before that date, if outstanding accounts are not paid by that time, they will be placed in the hands of my attorney for collection.

RICHARD HILBERT.

Victoria, June 23. jo23-1d

NOTICE.

HAVING PURCHASED THE STOCK AND trade of H. Findlay, 14 Yates street, I am prepared to do all kinds of blacksmith and carpenter work, furnish blacksmith supplies and rubber rollers for wringers. Tools bought and sold. JAMES MORRISON.

jun28-1m

BRITISH COLUMBIA

LAND AND INVESTMENT

AGENCY

(Limited.

THOMAS ALLSOP,
HENRY S. MASON,
CUTLER A. HOLLAND, } DIRECTORS.

23 Sergeant's Inn, Fleet Street, London, Eng.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.

Money to Loan on Mortgage

AT LOW RATES.

TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS

For Sale on Easy Terms.

jelld&w

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE.

THE PARTIES WHO TOOK two barber poles from the entrance to the St. Nicholas Baths on Sunday evening are known, and unless the damage is made good, prosecutions will follow.

H. W. SHEPPARD,
Supt. of Police.

jly7-3i

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that from and after the 10th day of July next, all parties whose properties have sewerage connection with the Johnson Street Ravine, will be prosecuted.

By order

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Hall, June 30th, 1890. jo30-tf

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that from and after the 1st day of July next, the "Consolidated Thistle By-Law" will be enforced and that the owner, lessee, tenant, occupier, or agent for the owner or lessee of any land on which thistles are found not cut down will be prosecuted.

By order

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Hall, June 30th, 1890. June30-tf

MUNICIPAL

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned between this date and Friday, the 15th day of August next, at 4 p.m., for supplying and placing in position in the City Hall Tower, in good running order,

A TOWN CLOCK,

Tenderers to furnish full descriptions of clocks submitted, with catalogue of prices thereof attached.

The Council reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

By order of the Hall Committee.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, June 9th, 1890. jo1

MUNICIPAL.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Section 5 of Chapter 32 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, intitled "An Act respecting certain works constructed in or over navigable waters," that the municipal council of the city of VICTORIA, Province of BRITISH COLUMBIA, has deposited with the Minister of Public Works of Canada, a plan and a description of a wharf or dock, to be used for ferry purposes, situated at Holland Point at the said city, and a duplicate of each with the Registrar of Deeds for the said city of Victoria.

And notice is also hereby given, that application, after the first day of August, 1890, to the Governor-in-Council for approval of said plan and work.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,

Dated at Victoria, British Columbia, this 8th day of June, 1890. jo23

LEGAL NOTICES.

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Part of Subdivision Lot 3 and another part (9 acres) of section XXXII Esquimalt District.

A CERTIFICATE of INDEFEASIBLE TITLE to the above lands will be issued to George Thomson on the 15th day of July, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lands or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry office,
Victoria, 10th April, 1890. ap10-3m

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Part of Section 20 Range VIII, Quamichan District.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE TITLE to a portion of the above mentioned section will be issued to Henry Fox, junior, on the 15th day of July, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in such portion of said section or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry office,
Victoria, 10th April 1890. ap10-3m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lots 38, 40 41, 47, 267, 1100 the N. ½ of Lot 25, the easterly ½ of Lot 74, and parts of Lots 277 and 278 in the City of Victoria.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE TITLE to the above mentioned lands will be issued to Walter Scott Chambers on the 25th day of August, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lands, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry office,
Victoria, 7th May, 1890. my13-3m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT SIXTY days after date we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase Section 15, Township 5, Graham Island, Queen Charlotte District, containing 640 acres.

THOMAS MATHEWS,
BYRON HOLMES WEST,
THOMAS McFARLANE GRAHAM,
JAMES PUSEY.

May 13th 1890. my13-2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT sixty days after date, I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following tract of land, commencing at a stake on shore line, about two and a half miles, east south east, of Bonilla point, running south 10 chains; thence east 60 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence following shore line to point of commencement, containing 100 acres, more or less.

JOSIAH JAQUES.

Victoria, May 19th 1890. my19-2m

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I INTEND to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase 320 acres of land near Mission Valley Oceyoos division of Yale district, commencing at post, being south west corner of W. Leland's purchase claim, thence east 40 chains, thence south 80 chains thence west 40 chains thence north 80 chains to the place of commencement. ROBERT MUNSON.

May 19th 1890. my20

PORT CRESCENT ROUTE.

Steamer

FERNDALE,

A. O. BENJAMIN, Master.

Leaves SEATTLE Sundays and Wednesdays at 7 a. m.

Leaves PORT TOWNSEND daily except Tuesdays and Saturdays, at 8.30 a. m., arriving at Port Crescent at 2 p. m. Returning, leaves Port Crescent at 4 p. m., same day.

Leaves PORT TOWNSEND for SEATTLE on Mondays and Fridays at 10 p. m.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to C. L. Fox, Agent, Seattle. ja

C. P. N. CO., LD.

FOR ALBERNI.

Steamer

MAUDE

CAPT. BROWN.

Will leave Spratt's wharf

TUESDAY, JULY 15th, AT 4 P. M.

For freight or passage apply at office of the Company. JNO. IRVING, my9d Manager.

MRS. McGREGOR,

MID-WIFE

Has Diploma from the University of Edinburgh.

RESIDENCE:

Corner Douglas and Cormorant Streets. feb27

KELLER & BURRIS,

Manufacturers of

SEWER PIPES, TERRA COTTA,

Drain Tile, Flower Pots, Vases, and other Earthenware.

Corner Yates and Quadra Streets, Victoria, B. C. de1

MEDICAL.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a chemist who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. In use monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose price in money or postage stamps in letter to us, and receive by return mail, sealed, full particulars. Price $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. For sale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL REMEDY OF 30 YEARS' USE. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Debility, Nervous Headache, Nervous Prostration, Wakefulness, Lassitude, Premature Decay, Loss of Memory, Impotency, Lost Manhood, Nocturnal Emissions, Spermatorrhoea, Leucorrhoea, Barrenness, Impotency, Sterility, Pain in the Back and Side, Seminal Weakness, Blotches on the Face, Pimples on the Face, Bad Blood, Premature Old Age, Wasting Diseases, Consumption, Insanity, Epilepsy, Fits, Dizziness, Convulsions, Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Headache, Flushing of the Face, Hot Flashes, Dyspepsia, Sleeplessness, Nervous Irritability, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Weak

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE, REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

COAL IN GREAT BRITAIN.

Early Prejudices Against the Use of Black Diamonds for Fuel.

It is generally asserted that in the year 1234 Henry III. granted a charter to the freemen of Newcastle-on-Tyne "to dig stones and coal" in the common soil without the walls of the town. But it proved beyond doubt, after recent and careful investigation, that the statement must be regarded as a historical fiction. It was not until the reign of Edward III., and in the year 1350, that the townsmen of Newcastle received such privilege. Between 1260 and 1265 Walter de Clifford obtained permission from the King "to dig coals within the forests of Le Clie to sell or give away." This was the earliest notice of coal in Shropshire. Coal pits are named in Wednesbury in 1315. Much of the coal at this early period was most probably quarried and not mined.

The Earl of Winchester some time between the years 1210 and 1219 granted to the monks of Newbattle, Midlothian, a coal-field situated between the burn of Whytrig and the lands of Pontekyn, Inveresk. This is understood to be the first coal worked in Scotland. The monks of Dunfermline soon followed the example of their brethren at Newbattle, and obtained coal from their lands at Pinkie and Inveresk. For nearly a century after the discovery of the "blackstone," as it was called, the peasantry were its chief consumers. In the reign of Edward I. the aversion to this fuel was most pronounced, and a proclamation was issued prohibiting its use in London. Even dyers, brewers etc., were forbidden to burn coal on pain of a fine, loss of furnace, etc. This stringent law was not merely confined to the city, it extended to the suburbs.

The proclamation was brought about by the prelates, nobles, and gentry, who complained that they could not stay in town on account of the "noisome smell and thick air" caused by burning coal. Stow, referring to this period says: "The nice dames of London would not come into any house or room where sea-coals were burned, nor willingly eat of the meat that was even sod or roasted with sea-coal." It was in the reign of Edward I. that a man was tried, convicted and executed for the crime of burning sea-coal in London. The students of Oxford and Cambridge were not permitted to have fires until the days of Henry VIII., and to warm themselves they ran for some distance—certainly a cheap mode of obtaining warmth.

Toward the reign of Elizabeth coal was becoming a popular kind of fuel, chiefly owing to the difficulty of obtaining a cheap and plentiful supply of wood. A strong prejudice, however, lingered against it, and the Queen prohibited the burning of coal in London during the sitting of Parliament, for it was feared that "the health of the knights of the shires might suffer during their abode in the metropolis." In the days of Charles I. the use of coal became general, and, as the demand increased, the price went up to such an extent as to preclude the poor from obtaining it. Not a few died from cold for want of fires.—Antiquary.

A Queer Occupation.

"Ant farmers," though only numbering a half dozen or so in Paris, are by no means to be overlooked in a study of odd trades. One, for instance, rejoices in the name of Mlle. Blanche. She is not prepossessing in appearance. Her skin looks like dried pippins, and is tanned like crocodile hide. She has leather guantlets and trousers, a regular coat of armor, but, notwithstanding this, she is gnawed and bitten by her ungrateful stock to such an extent that she is perfectly hideous. She sleeps in the middle of the sacks of ants, and her epidermis has become so insensible to the bites of those insects that she slumbers soundly and sweetly while hundreds of them are endeavoring to extract a meal from her thick skin.

She was some time ago compelled to remove her quarters to a spot just outside of Paris, because the neighbors not unreasonably objected to the stray members of her farm skirmishing on their own account in the pantries of the adjoining houses. Mlle. Blanche supplies breeders and keepers of pheasants, the zoological gardens, aquariums and large bird dealers with ants' eggs, and receives never less than ten large flour sacks of ants a day from Germany and elsewhere. By keeping them in a great heat and feeding them well they are induced to lay a vast quantity of eggs. It is interesting to record that Mlle. Blanche is by this time possessed of a handsome fortune. —Philadelphia Times.

The Astor's Sevres Ware.

There is a great deal of sevres ware owned in New York, though little is now sold. One of the finest sevres dinner sets in the country belongs to the Astor family. It contains 200 pieces and was bought by John Jacob Astor many years ago. It cost $5,000, but connoisseurs say it would sell for $25,000 at the present time. The decoration is simple but very effective. It has a border of the rare turquois blue shade, edged with gold. Mrs. Hicks-Lord has some very valuable sevres, and so, seldom as he entertains, has Jay Gould.—New York Letter.

Newspapers in Japan.

Probably nothing better illustrates the great progress which Japan has made in the last quarter of a century than the 473 newspapers which are now published in the empire. Sixteen of these are now issued daily in Tokio. Each officer of the government is obliged to be a subscriber to the government organ "Kwampo." In 1886 the 403 newspapers consisted of 82 political, 2 military, 114 scientific, 88 trade, 38 governmental, 21 court, 25 religious, 26 medical and 5 literary journals.—New York Tribune.

Delights of Tobogganing.

You sit astride your toboggan, and when it begins to rush down the descent along a road as hard as iron, with the speed of light, your first feeling is that you would give everything you have in the world to be anywhere but where you are. There is, however, a wonderful fascination about rushing through the crisp, sharp air, taking corners cleverly by means of guiding pegs, and sailing down triumphantly on to the broad bosom of the lake. So many accidents had, however, taken place upon the lake run that we of the awkward squad were disposed to give it a wide berth. A snow storm altered, however, the complexion of affairs.

Two or three inches of snow on the hard, slippery track made the pace less rapid; and if, blinded by the snow and the monotonous whiteness above, below and around, you ran off the course, as I did, you and your sledge simply rolled over half a dozen times in the soft snow without the inconvenience of broken bones, much less of a broken neck. I cannot close this letter without alluding to the effect of this glorious out-of-doors life upon the nerves. I am fully persuaded that all the bromides in the world are incomparably inferior to a good draught of Engadine air.—Cor. Pall Mall Gazette.

Industrial Associations in France.

There are in France 877 associations of employers, 891 of workingmen and 597 of farmers. The workingmen's associations, which were formerly political organizations, have become for the most part purely mutual benefit societies of late years. The agricultural societies do not agitate politically like our grangers. They are to a large extent co-operative and technical. The Farmer's association near Fontainebleau, for instance, owns a slaughter house at which every member has his cattle killed at very low prices. This and other similar co-operative devices of the French farmers' associations show that the French peasant is not so stupid and helpless as he is generally supposed to be.—Tradesman.

A Small Boy's Reasoning.

In a small city in western Wisconsin there is a small boy who lives with his parents. One day not long ago he and his mother were walking quietly down street when the little fellow noticed a number of young cattle grazing along the edge of the sidewalk. Said he: "Mamma, I wish Mr. So-and-So would keep his 'halfers' off the street." His mother, thinking to correct his pronunciation, said: "Heifers, Paul, not 'halfers.'" The boy looked at her a moment and replied: "No, mamma; I think I'm right in this matter. Ain't they half a cow and half a calf? I guess they are, and according to that they are 'halfers,'" said the boy, triumphantly.—Chicago Herald.

A Useful Present.

Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, of this city, received a rather curious present from a young lady whom he had rescued from nervous invalidism. It was a cord of white oak chopped down and sawed up by her own hands, and sent as circumstantial evidence of the health she had gained by following his directions to live an open air life in the woods.—New York Telegram.

For Cramps, Chills, Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera-Morbus and all Bowel Complaints,

NO REMEDY EQUALS

PAIN-KILLER

AND

49 Years' Experience proves that PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER is the best Family Remedy for Burns, Bruises, Sprains, Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Toothache.

SOLD EVERYWHERE at 25c. and 50c. a BOTTLE.

Beware of Counterfeits and Worthless Imitations.

GOOD BUSINESS CHANCE

FOR SALE OR

Exchange for Other Property.

The entire stock, fixtures, improvements and two years' unexpired lease of the

Queen Boot & Shoe Store,

74 YATES STREET.

Established 3 years. Owner leaving the city.

TERMS:

Cash or part cash and security, or would exchange for good property either in Victoria or Nanaimo.

RICHARD HILBERT.

Victoria, June 23, 1890. jel7-1m

THE WESTSIDE

J. Hutcheson & Co

70 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

GREAT REDUCTION SALE

Commencing Wednesday, 2nd July

Owing to the unfavorable Spring weather a larger amount than usual of SURPLUS SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK is on hand. To effect a clearance we have resolved to make A BIG REDUCTION SALE commencing on Wednesday, 2nd July, when all our Departments will be overhauled and marked down to prices which are sure to make room for our FALL PURCHASES. Space will allow us merely to enumerate a few of the reductions but a visit to THE WESTSIDE will convince the most skeptical of the genuine character of this important sale.

IN DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

THE FOLLOWING REDUCTIONS TAKE PLACE;

A line of Mottled dress goods to hand (late arrival) value for 30c., to be cut at 15c., per yard.

A splendid lot in Stripes and Checks, all wool, regular price 35c., sale price 20c., per yard.

44 in. Striped Brilliantines, regular price 75c., sale price, 50c.
44 in. Plain " " " 60c., " " 45c.

A rare lot of all wool French Foull Cloth, double width, retails at 75c., marked down to 53c., per yard.

Remnants, Remnants, in Black and Colored, Plain and fancy dress goods and Cashmeres at prices to clear.

MANTLE DEPARTMENT.

The best selection of SHORT JACKETS in the city to be Sold Cheap.

COLORED SUMMER MANTLES, a few to be sold under cost. Regular prices $10, reduced to $5.50; regular prices $12, reduced to $6.50.

BLACK SILK DOLMANS, the entire stock reduced from $9 to $6, from $12 to $7.50, from $14.50 to $9. Also a few special pattern Dolmans to be sold under cost.

DUST CLOAKS in black and colored (all sizes), usual price $4.50, reduced to $2.90; usual price $6, reduced to $3.50.

JERSEYS, black and colored, plain and braided, reduced from $3.75 to $2.50; reduced from $4 to $2.90; reduced from $4.50 to $3.25. A big selection to choose from.

DRESSING GOWNS from $5 to $14.

Underwear and Hosiery

Ladies' Underwear in Ribbed Balbriggan, Short Sleeves 65c., reduced to 40c; Long Sleeves $1, reduced to 75c.

CHILDREN'S COTTON HOSE, plain and ribbed, black and colored, worth 40c., to be cleared at 20c. and 25c. per pair, all sizes.

REMNANTS OF PRINTS AND SATEENS, REMNANTS OF DRESS GOODS, REMNANTS OF RIBBONS, REMNANTS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Handkerchiefs from 40c., per dozen.
Gloves in Silk Taffeta and Lisle.
Lisle Gloves worth 40c., reduced to 20 and 25c.
Sunshades in Sateen. Silk and Satin reduced to cost price.

A great many more bargains will be offered on Wednesday, 2nd July, at

THE WESTSIDE

J. HUTCHESON & CO., 70 Government St.

MACHINERY.

Saw, Planing, Flour, Woollen Mill and Brickyard Machinery OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

MILL SUPPLIES KEPT IN STOCK. SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICES.

F. G. STRICKLAND & CO., New Westminster, B.C.

NELSON ISLAND GRANITE CO.

(LIMITED.)

The company is now prepared to fill all orders promptly, of the best Granite, and at the lowest possible prices.

This Granite is perfectly free from all iron rust, black knots and other imperfections. Samples furnished on application and prices quoted. For further particulars apply to

R. L. FOX, or to EDWD. J. THAIN, Secretary,

P. O. Box 1,311, Seattle. 2025-6m P. O. Box 654, Victoria, B.C.

DE VEULLE & CRUICKSHANK

Real Estate, Insurance Brokers and Accountants.

Money to Loan, Rents Collected and a General Brokerage Business Transacted.

NO. 12 BURNS' BLOCK.

SUITS TO ORDER, $15.00

Now is the time to get a cheap suit. I will for the next sixty days offer my entire stock of Summer Suitings at very low prices.

$20.00 SUITS, ALL WOOL, FOR $15.00.

$25 Suits for $20. $30 Suits for $25. $35 Suits for $30. $40 suits for $35.

Good pants to order for $5, $6 and $7, all wool, guaranteed as to fit and workmanship. Come early and secure a $15 suit of clothes.

R. J. MATTHEWS, Merchant Tailor, 101 Douglas St.

See the "Brantford No. 3" Mower.

NEW MODEL FOR 1890.

The Best Machine out. Send for descriptive pamphlets or call and examine it before you go elsewhere.

Also New Pattern Tiger Sulky Hay Rakes, Self-dump ITHACA TWO-HORSE SULKY RAKES.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF,

S. E. Corner of Yates and Broad Sts.,

BOX 88 VICTORIA, B. C. mar19

E. G. PRIOR & CO.

VICTORIA, B. C.

Gilpin and Buford Sulky Plows, Prairie Queen Breaking Plows

Essex Centre No. 30 Jointer Plows.

WHIPPLE WHEEL, ACME AND DISC HARROWS.

Hoosier Seed Drills, Pacific Seeders, Chatham Fanning Mills, Minneapolis Grain Cleaners.

Largest Assortment of Plows and Harrows IN THE PROVINCE. sep15d&w

SCOTCH HOUSE

31 Fort Street.

McLEAN & STEWART.

Our Spring Stock of Clothing is now complete.

HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS IN THE LATEST STYLES.

White and Colored Cricketing Flannel Shirts.

—ALSO—

A FINE LINE OF ENGLISH GLADSTONE BAGS.

feb27 McLEAN & STEWART.

TO ABBOTSFORD.

From Vancouver — Via Mission-Sumas Branch of C. P. R.

From Seattle — Via Lake Shore and Eastern Railway.

apl7

BARGAIN----JAMES BAY.

FOR SALE

A lot and nearly new house containing 5 rooms subject to a Building Society mortgage, payable on easy terms.

For particulars and cards to view apply to

FLINT & WILLIAMS,

Real Estate Brokers, 30 Fort Street.

jy12-tf P. O. BOX 162.

ANNIE WRIGHT SEMINARY.

TACOMA, WASHINGTON.

A Boarding & Day School for Girls

The seventh year opens on the second Thursday in September.

For catalogue and particulars address

MRS. SARAH K. WHITE, Principal.

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SUBSCRIBE FOR THE

Dominion Illustrated Weekly

$4.00 per Year in Advance.

In course of preparation

SPECIAL NUMBER OF VICTORIA

Depicting the

Arrival of the Duke of Connaught,

The Regatta, and the glories of Islands in the City.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

Millers of China and Japan Rice

RICE MEAL,

Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week ..... 25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

MERCANTILE AND GENERAL BUSINESS ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted for a definite period of time will be charged for at the following rates:

One week	15 cts per line	
Two weeks	25	" "
One month	50	" "
Three months	85	" "
Six months	$1 50	" "
One year	2 75	" "

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., four lines or under, 25 cents for each insertion, and per rata for more space or longer time.

A line is a nonpareil line, similar to this type, twelve of which occupy one inch of space.

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Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address

THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,

WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager.

THE DRY DOCK.

The Colonist rejoining to the TIMES anent the Dry Dock, points out that it cost $1,150,000, and that it "did not make last year much more than $3000 over working expenses." The author of the rejoinder knows, probably, what he is talking about, is correct, doubtless, in the matter of exact figures. That, however, he should undertake to discredit The TIMES at the expense of the Dry Dock, in the face of the fact that the Dry Dock, if not having saved the Imperial Government a man-of-war has saved it a hundred thousand dollars or so, is not a little surprising, shows in truth, a moral and business obtuseness which explains for a deal of queer Provincial legislation of which the Constitution Act is a striking example. Let us proceed to inquire whether or no the Dry Dock under ordinary business conditions would not be able to declare a dividend. The Amphion occupied the dock for seven months and ten days, and had she been compelled to pay regular dockage rates the sum total would have approximated $30,000. Who is responsible for a state of affairs which gives the use of the Dry Dock free to the Imperial Government for the miserable little bonus of £50,000? In consideration of this sum donated by the Imperial Government the navy has the use of the dock free of charge. Now, the fact of the matter is, the arrangement entered into between the Dominion Government on the one hand and the Imperial Government, while an excellent one for the latter, indicates a strange want of business foresight on the part of the former. The Imperial Government at the best is only entitled to the use of the dock to the extent of the value of the interest on £50,000, which at 6 per cent would amount to about $3000 a year. Had the Dominion Government drove a bargain with the Imperial authorities based on the simplest principles of business, they would have stipulated that the use of the dock by the navy should be credited to interest on the bonus, and that in the event of the navy requiring the use of the dock in excess of this sum, it should pay for it in the coin of the realm. It is true that "it was not contemplated by the Dominion Government that the navy would require the use of the dock for seven consecutive months and yet as much might have been reasonably anticipated, and would have been had the dock been owned by private individuals. The requirements of the navy are imperative and indefinite. There is no telling at what moment a ship of war may require to be docked, and as in the case of the Amphion, how long it will require to be docked. In the case of the Amphion, the fact of there being a dock, saved the Imperial Government many thousands of dollars, and possibly a valuable ship. The dock, indeed, in this particular case alone has virtually paid for itself (at the expense, we may say, of the Dominion Government), while indirectly it has proved of immense benefit to Victoria. The insignificance of the actual revenue derived from the dock is no criterion of its intrinsic value, and the fact that it has not paid interest on cost is owing to the grossly unbusinesslike methods of the Dominion Government. In view of the benefits received by the navy by reason of the dock, the Imperial Government might well guarantee interest on the amount the Dominion has invested in it. The Imperial Government has no right to claim the use of the dock for more than half a year on the strength of a bonus of £50,000.

PRESS AND PEOPLE.

Justice HARLAN, of the United States Supreme Court, takes a cheerful view both of the moral condition of the country and of the efficiency of the public press as promoting public virtue. "It is almost impossible in this country," he says, "as long as the press is not muzzled for corruption to hold sway for any length of time." In the opinion of the Justice the standard of public morality is higher than it was twenty-five years ago. He, is also of the opinion that the moral and mental calibre of Congress has improved, and he attributes this in large part to the vigilance of the press. Generally, speaking, besides, the press was never so efficient as it is now and for the reason that it was never so independent. According to the Justice, "the older papers were either neutral, expressing no opinion upon public questions which might give offence to any reader, or they were merely party organs, always praising one party, its representatives and measures, and uniformly depreciating those of the other."

HARPERS' Weekly, commenting on the Justice's remarks, observes "that as newspapers become great properties they say what they think without fear of party, and discover that concern for the public welfare is as profitable as devotion to mere party interest. This, in turn, reveals the fact that while active politicians are always vehemently asserting that in a country governed by party everybody must be a vigorous party man, yet an immense body of citizens do in fact 'belong to a party a little,' and consider public questions on their merits, and vote upon their own judgment and not that of others."

HARPERS also alludes to the reforms which the newspapers have wrought in New York; the courage and ability they have displayed in pushing reforms like the Australian ballot law, etc. Its motives doubtless are mixed, concludes HARPERS, and there is plenty of room for severe censure, still the press was never a more powerful influence for morality than it is to-day.

HARPERS is somewhat dubious withal, if we read between the lines, and well it might be, not that the press itself is not an improvement on the past, but because with all its influence political debauchery goes on apace. In the States, QUAY, pastmaster in the art of political rascality, although exposed by the press, is still supported by the Pennsylvanians, while in Canada we have a parallel case in that of EYKERT. In our own province, despite the fact of legislative blundering to the verge of criminality, together with the fact that two newspapers hitherto supporters of the Government, reversed their positions, it was all in vain to effect anything against the pigheaded ignorance of sundry constituencies. As elections have gone of recent years the unavoidable conclusion is, that in proportion that newspapers have improved the average elector has deteriorated.

BRAZIL'S CONSTITUTION.

Brazil has at last promulgated her new constitution. It is not an instrument already adopted by the people, but one prepared to be submitted to the Constitutional Assembly, which the people will elect. The formation of the constitution, together with its adoption by the provisional government, all show that the new order in Brazil is not so much a popular movement as a military revolution. But the Brazilians will probably acquiesce, and seeing that they are not a self-governing people, their future course will be an interesting study. Brazil has adopted the American system, and subjoined we give a general summary of the new scheme:

"Parliamentarism ceases. Brazil adopts the American system of responsible Executive, with Secretaries only responsible to him and the people. The Senator or Deputy who is chosen a Secretary loses his seat. The first election of the President will be by Congress, but the Constitution establishes that the election subsequently shall be by means of electors. The people select electors in proportion to their delegation in Congress. Each state has a separate meeting of its electors on the same day and at the same hour. If no citizen shall obtain an absolute majority of the Electoral College, the Congress shall elect, choosing from three persons who may have the largest number of votes. After this, in case no one is yet elected, Congress shall again vote, dropping the third name and voting for the two who have the largest number of votes, so that the President-elect shall have an absolute majority of the votes cast. The President shall be elected for six years, and shall be ineligible for the next ten years succeeding his term of office. The Secretaries of State are ineligible for the Presidency during their terms of office. The President of the Senate shall be the Vice-President of the republic. In case of the absence or death of the President, his office shall be filled by the Vice-President, next by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, next by the Vice-President of the Senate, and lastly by the President of the Supreme Tribunal of Justice."

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Prince BISMARCK is criticized in Europe for speaking his mind to reporters. He is not the first man to discover that the frown of an emperor is not so potent to destroy fame as the neglect of the newspaper to notice.

General MIDDLETON deems it worth while to deny that he is about to take up his residence in the south of France. Perhaps France is to be congratulated, but certainly the General ought to emigrate to some furrin country.

The Mail observes in connection with General MIDDLETON's resignation that "the Canadian people, while regretting his error will not fail to entertain cordial feelings toward him. He served us well in an important crisis. His most violent antagonists are those who were too ready to excuse the enemy he met and vanquished."

According to a recent decision of the Russian Senate the wives of such exiles to Siberia as have served their time, but have not been restored to their civil rights, have a right not only to take out passports and to travel and live wherever they please without the consent of their husbands, but even to get married to other men.

The Photographic Society of Geneva, Switzerland, has been testing the theory that the long companionship of man and wife tends to make them look more and more like each other. Photographs of 78 old couples, and of an equal number of adult brothers and sisters, showed that the married couples were more like each other than the brothers and sisters of the same blood.

"It may come to pass," said a British lecturer lately, "that some African may, in centuries to come, point out how a race of Englishmen once dominated the West Indies, and were improved off the face of the land." Such fears are real enough. In 1658 there were in these islands 4500 Europeans to 1500 Africans. In 1800 the numbers were 30,000 Europeans and 300,000 Africans. In the last census the figures were 14,433 Europeans, 109,946 colored, or mulattoes, 444,186 Africans and 12,240 Asiatics.

The story is current in Ottawa that advantage is to be taken of the French fishery troubles to force Newfoundland to join the Dominion of Canada. The Ottawa Government has always wished to extend its jurisdiction over the island, and the Imperial Government seconds it. Opposition has always come from the islanders themselves, and the party most opposed to union is now in power in the Local Legislature. The plan which it is reported the Dominion Government is said to be urging upon Lord SALISBURY is to make Newfoundland's consent to union a condition to her relief from the burden with the French shore rights.

The Toronto Mail comes to us streaked with indigo blue and magenta red, extending from the top to the bottom of the pages in parallel lines. The idea of these vivid colors is not glaringly apparent, but we suppose they have reference to Dominion Day. But whence the appropriateness of these colors, which conjointly with the white sheet of the publication in question give the national colors of the "Great Republic?" It is not unlikely that we are astray as to the object of the Mail's lucidity, but we opine that the Empire will discover implied treason in a typographical arrangement which only needs a blue field and a star or or two to typify the Stars and Stripes.

The Rev. Dr. DEWART made a happy speech at the Cameron banquet in Toronto a few nights ago. Being an editor himself, he was perhaps the better able to hit off the situation in the following humorous but pointed sentences:

"You have heard the story of the Quaker who found the man stealing his goods. He could not resist, of course, but he covered the thief with his rifle and said, 'Friend, thee had better go out of there, I want to shoot where thee stands.' So it is with editors. Sometimes we want to shoot where other people are standing. It is not our fault if they receive the shot they would not receive if they stood elsewhere. You must remember to class the editors with the doctors. They are people who inflict pain unwillingly for the good of the subject upon whom they have to operate."

The Examiner and the Chronicle for a year or two past have had considerable to say about "Brother PICKERING" and his silurian sheet, the Morning Call. The two first named newspapers have lately reduced their size, alleging that a smaller sized paper is the fashion. The Call, which still adheres to its old standard, declining to conform to the fashion, thus gets in its deadly work on its two "live" contemporaries. "Just as the fox in the fable," says the Call, "which had lost his tail by playing too near a steel trap told his neighbours that it was no longer the fashion for foxes to wear long tails, hence he advised theirs to have theirs clipped, but their advice did not take. So with our contemporaries, who lack business advertisements to fill up their columns, have made reduction in the size of their papers to save expenses.

In 1878 when Marquis TSENG, on the eve of his departure for England as Minister, had his last interview with LI HUNG CHANG, the latter intimated among other things that greater care should be exercised in the purchase of foreign weapons and machinery. In LI HUNG CHANG'S opinion the Chinese Government had up to that time been disgracefully swindled. Recent advices from Asia show that LI HUNG CHANG'S advice must have been followed, for they declare that not only is the Mongolian fleet composed of modern armor-clads and cruisers, but that it is stronger than any two other fleets in those waters taken together. The two most powerful armor-clads are the Ting Yuen and Chen Yuen of 7280 tons displacement, 6000 horse-power and 14½ knots speed. Their armor, steel faced, is 14 inches thick, and they each carry four 12-inch KRUPP breech-loading guns in two barbette towers, "en echelon," protected by 22-inch armor and two 6-inch guns. While it has some good vessels and some of KRUPP's guns of large calibre, the navy is very weak in an important factor, the native officers have no ability to compel the respect of their men and no faculty of enforcing discipline.

Self-wringing mops at McLennan & McFeely's, 1 Yates street.

LIVERPOOL, B.C.

The Fraser River Terminus of the New Westminster Southern Railway,

Opposite the rapidly growing City of New Westminster, and having deep water frontage on Fraser River.

The New Westminster Southern Railway runs from Liverpool to Fairhaven, Wash., where it connects with the great Northern Pacific Railway system. The Railway Company has now under construction at Liverpool a wharf 700 feet in length, costing about $10,000, and they intend to immediately erect workshops, passenger and freight stations, etc. The road is already graded between Liverpool and Fairhaven, and it is expected that trains will be in operation between the two places by 30th August, 1890.

A portion of the town site will be on the market on and after 16th June instant, and lots will be sold at low prices for a short time, and purchasers will have the benefit of first prices.

RAND BROS., General Agents,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C.

Richardson, Heathorn & Jones

MANUFACTURERS' AND IMPORTERS' AGENTS,

42 YATES ST., - VICTORIA

To the Trade:

Our Representatives are on the road with the full line of

McINTYRE, SONS & CO.'S (Montreal) GOODS

Consisting of the latest novelties from the European markets. We are appointed Sole Agents for this firm in British Columbia.

McINTYRE, SONS & CO.'S SPECIALTIES

Dress Goods, Embroideries,
Gloves, Notions,
Velvets, Linens

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Port Crescent

WM. NEWTON,

Real Estate Broker,

Authorized local agent for the sale of town lots, will be happy to furnish full information and accompany intending investors over the townsite.

Markham House, Port Crescent, Wash.
jly4-1m

FOR SALE.

500 to 600 Acres of Land

on the line of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo railway within 15 minutes of Victoria. Situated on three sides of Langford Lake, and very desirable for country residences. Consisting of divisions 85 86 87 99, 112 A, 113 and 116 Esquimalt District. To be sold as a whole or in divisions. On 112 A there is a beautiful little lake the banks of which are remarkably well adapted for homes. Fine Cedar and Douglas pine on some of the land.

Tenders will be received for the whole or divisions.

Tenders to be addressed to

MRS. JOHN WATKINS,

95 Meares Street.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

DO YOU WEAR OR NEED ARTIFICIAL teeth, if so get the best you can get, as they are the cheapest. Inspect the improved sets made by Dr. Hartman, 61 Government street and see testimonials as regards their good quality.

DR. HARTMAN, DENTIST,
61 GOVERNMENT ST.

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO 6 o'clock of Monday, the 14th inst., for the erection and completion of a residence to be built on Cook street.

Plans and specifications can be seen at my office.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOMAS HOOPER,
Architect.

Old Office, corner Johnson and Quadra Sts.

IN SPITE OF THE KNOCKOUT

HENRY SHORT

Is ready for business at his old stand, where

SPORTING GOODS OF ALL KINDS

Can be found at the lowest rates.

32 FORT STREET.

Some rare bargains can be had in slightly damaged goods. jul1-1m

S.S. HYAMS

ONLY OPTICIAN IN TOWN.

OPTICIAN, 27 FORT STREET, ONE DOOR from Government, Victoria, B. C. Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to sight; twenty-five years' experience in fitting glasses. Satisfaction guaranteed. OPTICAL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. dec29-1y

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FLOUR

--::-- FOR FAMILY USE, --::--

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.

Manufactured by

ISOM LANNING & CO.,

ALBANY, OREGON.

SEED OATS.

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GAS WILL BE SUPPLIED TO GAS Heaters, Gas Stoves and high-power Gas Lamps for outside use at $1.25 per thousand feet.

High power Gas Lamps of 300 candle power and upwards will be supplied at a moderate rental.

For further particulars apply at the company's office, Langley street.

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PORT CRESCENT,

The Ocean Terminus of the Northern Pacific Railway

THE VICTORIA, PORT CRESCENT AND CHEHALIS RAILWAY WILL BE COMPLETED BY THE 31st DECEMBER, 1891,

WILL GIVE VICTORIA ITS NEAREST CONTINENTAL CONNECTION.

More than 3,000,000 Acres of the Richest Land in the State of Washington, lying to the West and Southwest, are directly tributary to Port Crescent.

We strongly recommend to our friends and the public generally the advisability of securing a few lots at present prices. Lots that to-day can be bought for hundreds will be worth in a few months as many thousands. We have a limited number of choice lots at present on sale.

APPLY **LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.**

BISHOP OF CALEDONIA.

PRESENTATION OF AN ADDRESS AND TESTIMONIALS.

The Clergy of the Diocese of Caledonia Assembled at Metlakahtla—The Bishop Congratulated—His Lordship's Reply to His Clergy.

For several years there has been annually an assembling of the clergy of the diocese of Caledonia at Metlakahtla for conference with the Bishop. On the evening of the 12th June, after the usual meeting for prayer in the chapel and in the presence of the clergy of the diocese and the inhabitants of Metlakahtla, the Rev. W. H. Collison read the following address to the Bishop, which was signed by the clergy, and also presented to His Lordship a silver inkstand.

ADDRESS TO THE BISHOP BY CLERGY AND LAITY.

We, the undersigned, on behalf of those interested in the prosperity of your Lordship's diocese, desire to express our respect and esteem for you and Mrs. Ridley, and congratulate your Lordship on the success attending the work over which by divine providence you were opportunely appointed overseer. Time has testified to the consistent course pursued by your Lordship, when fierce opposition assailed your Christian endeavors and your enemies of the past are to-day converts to your convictions with very few exceptions.

Though small the tokens we offer compared with the gratitude accompanying them, yet we beg their acceptance by you and Mrs. Ridley, hoping they may in years to come recall to memory those who appreciate your goodness of heart, greatness of mind and manliness to a degree under systematic and pernicious treatment to which your Lordship and Mrs. Ridley were long subjected.

With several other testimonies the Rev. and Mrs. Brown received the following from the Metropolitan of the English Church in British Columbia.

BISHOP'S CLOSE, Victoria, June 11, 1890.

DEAR MR. BROWN: I have to thank you for your letter, in which you tion the action of those interested in of the Diocese of Caledonia, in respect of a presentation to your excellent Bishop. It is difficult to appreciate sufficiently the goodwork of the Bishop of Caledonia. Very few in his position have had so much worry, opposition, calumny, and even danger of life through misconduct and bitterness in a quarter where support and loyalty was a bounden duty. Happily the right has prevailed by God's blessing upon a course of true courage, tact and faith. The successful issue under difficulties of the past is an augury of progress and blessings under administrations of less difficulties in the future. May God grant this bright and happy future in all the good work of Bishop and clergy of the Northern Diocese. (Signed) G. COLUMBIA.

Mrs. Hall then read the following address to Mrs. Ridley, which had been signed by the wives of the missionaries, and presented her with a drill and flower stand.

ADDRESS TO MRS. RIDLEY.

On behalf of the wives of the missionaries of the Diocese of Caledonia, the following address and presentation is hereby presented to Mrs. Ridley in love of the manner by which, with the grace of God, she has been enabled to carry on her arduous duties in connection with the Bishop for ten years in the diocese, and particularly for the help given in translation work through many years of trial. The example shall always remain with us, and we hope and confidently believe the future will bring a fulfilment of the promise "They that sow in tears shall reap in joy."

These addresses were followed by a third read by the Rev. Mr. Brown, who presented on behalf of the laity of the diocese full sized portraits of the Bishop and Mrs. Ridley.

The Bishop of Coledonia on rising to reply to the addresses, said: Ladies and gentlemen: You have taken me by surprise. I say this without affectation. That you were about to show me some mark of your confidence I had been made aware, but I had not the slightest hint that you were about to present these three addresses and those very valuable tokens of your esteem and affection. Much as I value these costly gifts, they are as nothing compared to the unity of feeling and spirit which has prompted the giving of them. It seems like realizing a vision of impossibilities. It is in fact a sign of the victory of truth and liberty over heresy and tyranny. It is a glad celebration of triumph on the battle field. On this point of land has been fought out a battle that has won not only religious but civil liberty. The addresses are full of reference to the long and painful conflict. But for this I should not now even allude to the defeat of those who formerly terrorized over the North West coast. That is now a thing of the past, and with right good will and pleasure I shall try to forget it, except to thank God for present freedom and concord that happily prevails. Very few at the time realized the true nature of the struggle. The general public believed me to be animated by merely ecclesiastical ambition. The newspapers, with one exception, were unsparing in their vituperation. Only you living in the district, including a small band of much abused Indians, knew the actual state of the case, and my memory will ever grateful retain the pleasant recollection of sympathy and offers of personal assistance in many an hour of real peril. I was not much surprised that some Churchmen counselled me to give up the unequal struggle, though history might have convinced them that much more formidable obstacles to human progress had again and again been overcome by a determined faith in the ultimate triumph of truth. They left out of their calculations the fact of an over-ruling Divine Providence. This was my sheet anchor by which I was held secure amid years of turmoil and distress. Let me heartily thank you for these precious tokens of your affectionate regard for myself and Mrs. Ridley. She has borne the brunt of difficulties that she often thought insuperable. Now there is peace, unity and concord, for which on her account even more than on my own and yours I humbly thank Almighty God. From extreme exhaustion our church has swiftly grown into strength and a force that has to be reckoned with by all around. The transformation has been marvellously quick. We are a compact and united body of ten clergy and missionaries, besides native teachers, and the signs of success are so manifest that from several quarters come persistent cries for amalgamation. Years ago there was bitter antipathy between the first missionaries and those then sent for the first time by another denomination. That ceased when the schism happened and the insignificant band of faithful churchmen had to bear the double force of antagonism. The power to crush us is past away, and I hope the will has gone with it. Rivalry must continue, but not hostility; friction may be unavoidable, but I trust will diminish year by year until Christian goodwill prevails. I accept these tokens of your confidence and affection with much gratitude to you, and to Him who has helped us from Heaven.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Items of Interest Received by Telegraph from Different Points.

The Globe editorially deprecates Mercier's appeal for a re-adjustment of federal and provincial finances and reminds him of the promise to abolish the legislative council of Quebec and that the programme speech he made says not a word of it. It says the Liberals of the other provinces look to Mercier to pursue a policy of sound Liberalism.

Under the new law fourteen adults presented themselves at Montreal for the practice of the law and eleven were plucked. "If this continues," remarked Professor Clarke Murray, "the lawyers of this province will soon die out."

Very strict orders have been received from England with a view to preventing information about the Imperial fortification in Halifax being obtained by outsiders.

Captain Harrison, of the Salvation Army, was drowned while bathing at Paris, Ont.

Captain E. R. Andros, an English gentleman, was upset from a sail boat at Sarnia and drowned.

On Friday, at Mount Hope, Ontario, Undertaker Joel Smith hoisted the stars and stripes over his residence in honor of the fourth. A deputation of neighboring farmers requested its removal, but Smith declined, whereupon the flag was riddled with bullets and divided amongst the crowd. A second flag was raised by Smith and met a similar fate.

The widow of the late Hon. Joseph Howe, died at Dartmouth, N. S., on Saturday, aged 84.

Patrick Dooly, aged 21, a brakeman, was killed at Guelph while shunting cars, being decapitated.

A protest against the election of Thos. H. Stinson, Conservative, to the Ontario Legislature for Hamilton, on the ground of bribery and corruption, has been sent to Toronto.

W. C. Smille, President of the Canadian Bank Note Company, has withdrawn from the concern and returns to New York accompanied by all the company's skilled workmen. An experience extending over several years has convinced Smille that the company could not be made pay, but others have taken hold of the business and will run it on a different basis.

On Monday afternoon in Toronto while a number of young girls were playing on the street, a boy aged about ten came along and threw the contents of a bottle containing coal oil over the six year old daughter of G. Hagan, and another boy following, struck a match and set fire to the girl's oil saturated clothing, after which both boys made off. In a moment the little one was a mass of flames, but an Italian laborer, who noticed the horrible sight, whipped off his heavy pea jacket, and wrapping the writhing girl in its heavy folds, extinguished the flames before the child had been fatally burned.

THE COLORED JENNY LIND.

Miss Batson's Concert Last Night Concludes With a Wedding.

Miss Flora Batson, the wonderful colored mezzo-soprano, again delighted a Victoria audience with her marvelous music, at the Pandora Street Methodist Church last night. The edifice was filled to its utmost capacity, a part of the audience attended no doubt by the announcement that a wedding would take place at the close of the concert. The names of the contracting parties were not announced, and speculation was rife as to their identity. Artistically the concert was an over-whelming success. Miss Batson fully proved her right to be called the Colored Jenny Lind, the name given her by the New York World. The various selections which she rendered gave full scope to her remarkable voice, ranging as it does from the lowest contralto notes to highest soprano.

Her first selection, "When Blue Birds Build Again" called forth a hearty encore, in response to which she sang the beautiful "Farewell Leonora" from Il Trovatori, which was one of the gems of the evening. Her other selections on the programme were, "O! Italy Thou Cherished Land," which showed to advantage the remarkable range of her voice (nearly three octaves), "The Raft" and "Till the Breaking of the Day." Each member was liberally applauded, and Miss Batson was most obliging in responding to the compliment. The other numbers of the programme were Strauss' overture, "Thousand and One Nights," which was done full justice by Prof. Sharpe and his orchestra. The Professor accompanied all the vocalists, playing with his usual taste and expression, his being a non-union man not seeming to affect his style and finish.

Mr. H. Firth sang with good effect the tenor solo, "The Anchor's Weighed." Mr. Walter A. Whiting played "Sweet Sixteen" on his silver toned cornet, responding to a hearty encore. Miss O'Neill sang "Angel at the Window," very sweetly, eliciting much well deserved applause, to which she obligingly responded. Miss Humber, sang "The Diver," in a charming manner, and would no doubt have gratified her audience with another selection in response to their encore, had not the bridal party been announced, which hurried the concert to a close.

Mr. Bergen, in a few well chosen words, imparted the information that a most interesting ceremony was about to take place, and invited the audience to remain as guests of the contracting parties. Miss Batson then sang "Marriage Bells," and, during a slight delay in the arrival of the wedding party, "Little Bird, Why Singest Thou?" Then the Rev. Coverdale Watson took his position before the pulpit, and received from the hands of her father Miss Priscilla Adeline Anderson, whom he forthwith proceeded to make Mrs. Thomas Downer Mansell. Both of the parties are from Salt Spring Island. They surely had a big wedding, for rarely has the marriage ceremony been performed in this city before so large an audience. The affair was a decided novelty, and the happy couple begin their new life with the best wishes of the large and appreciative assemblage who witnessed their wedding.

A Warning.

MR. EDITOR.—It is a well-known fact that the majority of people are inclined to look upon a cold in the head as a matter of little importance—involving at the most only a temporary inconvenience. No more disastrous mistake was ever made. The neglected cold in the head is the source of the catarrhal affections with which about seven-tenths of the people of this country are afflicted, and catarrh itself is too often the preliminary stages to—consumption and death. The symptoms of catarrh are manifold, but among them may be mentioned, offensive breath; dull, oppressive headache; offensive droppings from the nostrils into the throat and bronchial tubes; deafness or partial deafness; constant hawking and spitting; weak and watery eyes; a hacking cough and feeling of general debility; ringing in the ears and frequent dizziness. These are but a few of the more general symptoms, and those who experience them should lose no time in applying a remedy. Delays are proverbially dangerous, and in the case of this too prevalent disease may lead to death. We offer Nasal Balm to the public as a positive cure for cold in the head and for catarrh in all its forms and stages. Nasal Balm has been tested in thousands of cases, and the testimonials in our possession prove that it is all we claim for it. It has cured other sufferers, it will cure you. It is easy to use, pleasant and agreeable and does not require a douche or any torturing instrument to apply it. Give it a trial and be convinced of its great efficacy. Sold by all dealers or sent post free on receipt of price 50c. for small or $1 for large size bottles by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont. daw

You should secure a lot in Fernwood, Beautiful, residential property. Enquire of the leading estate agents. *

Forget Me Not.

Though you rub all the day,
And scrub all you may,
You will find that
It's not in your power,
In the old fashion way
To do in a day
What Pendray's Extract
Will do in an hour.

☞ Never wash or scour without using Pendray's Extract of Soap. A pure dry soap in fine powder. Rapid washing, forming lather, always ready.

Brushware, combs, and artists' colors, at Daley's. *

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned have entered into partnership as Furniture Dealers, Upholsterers, etc., under the firm name of HASTIE & ERSKINE, at No. 62 Government street.

(signed,) JAMES HASTIE,
R. ERSKINE.

Victoria, June 30, 1890. 1y4

CHAS. HAYWARD,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER,
Broughton St., Victoria.

UNDERTAKING.
C. R. LOCKHART & CO.,
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
Undertakers & Embalmers
Keep constantly on hand
A FULL LINE OF
CASKETS, COFFINS, FUNERAL FURNISHINGS, OF SUPERIOR MAKE.
ALSO THE ONLY
White Hearse in the Province.
Calls promptly attended to day or night. Charges moderate. Graduates of the United States College of Embalming. Green's block cor. Trounce Ave. and Broad Sts.
TELEPHONE 498.
june26

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What You Cannot do.

Rowbotham, The Grocer,
NEVER DOES,
But he can and will sell you the best
TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES
AND GENERAL GROCERIES
at the lowest prices to be had in the city.
COR. YATES AND BROAD STREETS.
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Fancy Goods! Fancy Goods!

We have just received by the last steamer a large assortment of China and Japan bazaar goods and a full line of
Embroidered Silk Handkerchiefs,
SHAWLS, SATIN SCREENS,
MORNING GOWNS.
—ALSO—
Porcelain Tea Sets,
Colored Mattings,
Tea, Bronze and
Sandalwood Goods,
WHICH WE WILL SELL AT
THE LOWEST PRICES
Hoping you will give us a call, we remain very respectfully yours,
KING TYE CO., 8 Cormorant Street,
VICTORIA, B. C.
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VICTORIA CITY SCHOOLS

APPLICATIONS FOR THE FOLLOWING positions in the Victoria Public Schools will be received by the Secretary, up to Tuesday 22nd July.

First Assistant High School. Salary $100 per month.

Principal, Boy's School. Salary $100 per month.

Second Assistant Boy's School. Salary $70 per month.

Seventh Assistant Boy's School. Salary $60 per month.

Eleventh Assistant Girl's School. Salary $50 per month.

A Ward School Teacher. Salary $70 per month.

Applicants not known personally to the Board are requested to send their photographs stating qualifications, experience, etc.

By order, R. ERSKINE,
Secretary.

Victoria, B. C. 3rd July, 1890. jy5d

LIST OF PROPERTY

On which taxes have been due and unpaid for two years and upwards and which will be sold on the first day of September, 1890, at the City Hall, Victoria, at 12 o'clock noon in pursuance of the Victoria Real Estate Tax Sale By-law, 1890, unless in the meantime the arrears of taxes and costs due in respect of each lot in the schedule hereunder written be paid.

LOT.	BLOCK.	AMOUNT OF TAXES.	COSTS.	TOTAL.
19	12	$576 80	$63 44	$640 24
E. two thirds 24	3	67 20	7 40	74 60
One-half 25	3	89 10	9 80	98 90
W. one-half 26	3	122 80	13 50	136 30
33	3	51 00	5 61	56 61
Part 87	26	70 38	7 73	78 11
143	Y	134 08	13 64	147 72
377	4	117 20	12 89	130 09
Part sub. 4 of 618, 619	M	31 00	3 41	34 41
Part sub 8 of 602, 603	M	33 44	3 68	37 12
East part 876	J	27 56	3 03	30 59
East one-half 878	J	37 30	4 10	41 40
940	42	48 60	5 34	53 94
991	9	75 00	8 25	83 25
992	9	36 50	4 03	40 53
993	9	22 20	2 44	24 64
997	17	35 50	3 90	39 40
1007	17	23 40	2 57	25 97
Sub. 13 of 1257	T	46 80	5 15	51 95
Sub. 8 of 1694	56	7 60	84	8 44
Sub 34 of 1694	56	10 50	1 15	11 65
Sub. 4 of 1773	61	27 50	3 03	30 53
WORK ESTATE.				
4	D	21 90	2 41	$24 31
10	W	77 60	8 54	86 14
SPRING RIDGE.				
A	64	6 00	66	6 66
B	64	6 00	66	6 66
7	69 to 72	3 90	43	4 33
8	"	3 90	43	4 33
9	"	3 90	43	4 33
10	"	4 80	53	5 33
11	"	4 80	53	5 33
12	"	6 90	76	7 66
17	"	3 90	43	4 33
18	"	3 90	43	4 33
19	"	3 90	43	4 33
20	"	42 60	4 68	47 28
43	"	34 80	3 83	38 63
48	73	3 60	40	4 00
51	"	44 90	4 94	49 84
FINLAYSON ESTATE.				
1	B	48 60	5 28	53 28
2	B	25 20	2 77	27 97
5 ACRE LOTS.				
One-half of Sub 23	II	18 98	2 08	21 06
Part Sub. E	Y	17 00	1 87	18 87
Sub. 1	E ½ VI	11 20	1 23	12 43
" 2	"	10 20	1 13	11 33
" 3	"	10 20	1 13	11 33
" 11	"	10 60	1 16	11 76
" 12	"	10 00	1 10	11 10
" 13	"	10 00	1 10	11 10
" 5	XIII	7 60	83	8 43
" 45	"	40 80	4 49	45 29
" 46	"	40 80	4 49	45 29
" 71	"	62 10	6 83	68 93

City Hall, Victoria, June 2, 1890. CHARLES KENT, Collector.

BOOTH'S GENUINE
QUININE WINE!
The Best Appetizer and Tonic Known.
SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHER PREPARATIONS
IN SUCH DISEASES AS
Fever and Ague, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers, Dyspepsia, Nervous Affections, Convalescence from Exhausting Diseases, and Functional Derangement of the Stomach.
LANGLEY & CO., 21 and 23 YATES ST.
WHOLESALE AGENTS.
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GENTLEMEN, examine the very choice lines of Hand Sewn Calf and Kangaroo Congress and Laced Boots.
ERSKINE'S Boot and Shoe Emporium, 132 Government St. Corner of Johnson.
$6, $6.50, $7, $7.50.
Store closes at 7 p. m., except Saturdays.

H. M. STANLEY'S BOOK.

ITS APPEARANCE CREATES A SENSATION IN LONDON.

Some of Its Striking References—Extraordinary Forests—Magnificent Mountain Ranges—The Author's Opinion of Emin Pasha—Extracts From the Work.

LONDON, July 3.—The sensation of the hour is the publication of Stanley's new book, and London has no time to talk about anything else. The strong religious professions which he has tacked on to the head and tail of his book bore their first fruit last night in a wildly crowded lecture assemblage at Exeter hall at guinea tickets, and the church organizations everywhere are competing to secure Stanley as a lecturer. Both here and in Germany publishers are holding their best books back until the demand for Stanley's work has subsided. While the excitement lasts it is considered that nothing else has a chance. Mudie and all the lesser librarians have put their whole current capital into the Stanley volumes, taking up practically the whole edition, and until the rage for it exhausts itself they have neither the time nor the money to handle much else. Shrewd observers, however, fancy that this furore will die out much sooner than the librarians have expected, and that slightly worn copies of the book will soon be plentiful in the market.

WONDERFUL FORESTS.

The most impressive passages of these admirable volumes relate to the Central African forests, which are rivalled only by the Amazon woods. This belt includes a compact area of 321,037 square miles of primeval woods. Mr. Stanley quotes contemptuously Professor Drummond's description of the forests of tropical Africa as confirming that charming writer's own estimate of himself as a minor traveller possessing but few assets." He asserts that the description given by the tourist in Nyassaland bears no more resemblance to tropical Africa than the tors of Devon or the moors of Yorkshire or the downs of Dover represent the smiling scenes of England, of leafy Warwickshire, the gardens of Kent, and the glorious vales of the isle.

Imagine the whole of France and the Iberian peninsula closely packed with trees varying from 20 to 180 feet high, whose crowns of foliage interlace and prevent any view of sky and sun, and each tree from a few inches to four feet in diameter, up and down in loops and festoons and W's and badly-formed M's. Fold them round the trees in great tight coils, until they have run up the entire height, like endless anacondas; let them flower and leaf luxuriantly, and mix up above with the foliage of the trees to hide the sun, then from the highest branches let fall the ends of the cable: reaching near to the ground by hundreds with frayed extremities, for these represent the air roots of the Epiphytes; let slender cords hang down also in tassels with open threadwork at the ends. Work others through and through these as confusedly as possible, and pendant from branch to branch, with absolute disregard of material, and at every fork and on every horizonal branch paint cabbage like lichens of the largest kinds, and broad spear-leaved plant—this would represent the elephant-eared plant—and orchids and clusters of vegetable marvels, and a drapery of delicate ferns which abound. Now cover tree, branch, twig and creeper with a thick moss like a green fur. Where the forest is compact as described above, we may not do more than cover the ground closely with a thick crop of phrynia, and Amoma, and dwarf bush; but if the lightning, as frequently happens, has severed the crown of a proud tree, and let in the sunlight, or split a giant down to its roots, or scorched it dead, or a tornado has been uprooting a few trees, then the race for air and light has caused a multitude of baby trees to rush upward—crowded, crushing and treading upon and strangling one another, until the whole is one impervious bush.

GREAT MOUNTAIN RANGES.

The Ruwenzori, the lofty mountain range from whose flanks the Nile derives its first waters, inspires passages of sincere reverence in the explorer's mind, such as these:

There are many, doubtless, like myself, who, when gazing on any ancient work, be it Egyptian Pyramid or Sphynx, be it an Athenian Parthenon, Palmyrene sun temple, Persepolitan palace, or even an old English castle, will readily confess to feelings of awe. The veneration of it, which time only can give, its associations with men long gathered to their fathers, the builders and inhabitants now quite forgotten, appeal to a certain sympathy in the living. For its history there is a vague yearning; its age awakens something like exultation that we little mortals can build such time-defying structures. But more powerful and higher is that emotion which is roused at the sight of a hoary old mountain like this of Ruwenzori, which we know to be countless of thousands of years old. When we think how long it required the melted snow to curve out these ravines, hundreds of fathoms deep, through the rocky cone of the range, or the ages required to spread out the debris from its sides and bosom to cover the Semlike valley and the Nyanza plains, we are struck dumb at the immeasurableness between that age when Ruwenzori rose aloft into being; and in reply to the still small voice which seems to ask: "Where wast thou when the foundations of the earth were laid? Declare if thou hast understanding," we became possessed of a wholesome awe, and can but feel cheerful faith that it was good for us to have seen it.

Another emotion is that inspired by the thought that in one of the darkest corners of the earth, shrouded by perpetual mist, brooding under the eternal stormclouds, surrounded by darkness and mystery, there has been hidden to this day a giant among mountains, the melting snow of whose tops has been some fifty centuries most vital to the people of Egypt. Imagine to what a God the reverentially inclined primal nations have exalted this mountain, which from such a far away region as this contributed so copiously to their benefactor and sacred Nile. And this thought of the beneficent Nile brings us another. In fancy we look down along that crooked silver rein to where it departs and spreads out its latent new life to Egypt near the pyramids, some 4,000 miles away, where we behold populous swarms of men—Arabs, Copts, Fellahs, Negroes, Turks, Greeks, Italians, Frenchmen, English, Germans and Americans—bustling, jostling or lounging; and we feel a pardonable pride in being able to inform them for the first time that much of the sweet water they drink, and whose virtues they so often exalt, issues from the deep and extensive snowbeds of Ruwenzori or Ruwenjura—"the Cloud King."

ABOUT EMIN PASHA.

Although the relations of the rescuer and the rescued were greatly strained during the march to Zanzibar, Mr. Stanley makes a magnanimous attempt to do full justice to the man for whom he endured the labors, privations and agonies of the three forest journeys through Darkest Africa and the long and perilous retreat. Indecision, vacillation, an extraordinary optimism and a credulous faith in the external show or affectation of obedience are named among his besetting weaknesses as a ruler in Equatorial Africa. There was too little punishing and too much forgiving. Emin's was a nature too prone to forgive whenever an inordinate self-esteem was gratified. These qualities of mind, with his scientific tastes and defective eyesight, unfitted him to be a commander of men in barbarous Africa. Emin was ungrateful to his rescuer, but he receives from a magnanimous soul so impartial a tribute as this:

The virtues and noble desires for which we must in strict justice commend the man are as great and as creditable to him as those which we cannot attribute to him. Any man striving for the sake of goodness to do what in him lies to deserve the sweet approval of conscience, becomes armored with a happy indifference of all else, and herein lies the Pasha's merit, and which made his company so grateful to us when the necessity for violent action ceased to vex him. We learned more of his character from his words. That melancholy shake of the head, the uplifted hand, the composed, calm gravity of the features, the upturning eyes, and the little shrug seemed to say to us: "What is the use? You see I am resigned. I am adverse to violence, let it be. Why force them? These many years that I only sought their welfare. If they reject me ought I to impose myself and my ideas on them against their will?" He never admitted so much, but we are free to construe these symptoms according to our lights.

Whatever may have been our views of what ought to have been done we have always a high respect for him. We cannot, at a moment his own fate lies trembling on the balance, but admire him when we see him availing himself of every opportunity to increase his study of lacustrine shells, or tropic plants, eager for the possession of a strange bird without regard to its color or beauty, as ready to examine with interest a new species of rat as he is in the measurement of the human skull. If a great hawkmoth or a strange lonicorn, or a typhlops be brought to him, he forthwith forgets the court martial that is to decide his sentence, and seems to be indifferent whether he is to be summoned to be shot by his soldiery or to be strapped on his angarep to be deported as a prize to the Khalifa at Khartoum. When we learn all this about him, and begin to understand him, though wondering at these strange vagaries of human nature, we are only conscious that the man is worth every sacrifice on our part.

We cannot proceed by force to save him from himself and rudely awaken him out of his dream without his permission. His position forbids it—our commission does not require it. To us he is only an honored guest expectant, to whom rudeness is out of place. Without request for help, we are helpless.

From our point we observe the Pasha serene and tranquil, encircled by wrangling rebels, and yet all along apparently unconscious of the atmosphere of perfidy in which he lives—at least more inclined to resignation than resistance. We feel that were we in his place we would speedily upset every combination against us and are confident that only one short resolute struggle is necessary to gain freedom and power. But regarding him absorbed in his delusion that the fawning obsequiousness of his perfidious followers and troops mean devotion, and seeing him enmessed by treachery and fraud, and yet so credulous as to believe this to be fidelity, we cannot but turn our eyes toward one another, questioning and wondering. For it was our misfortune that, say what we would, we could not inspire in him a sense of our conviction that his case was hopeless, and that his people had cast him off utterly. We could not tell him that his men looked down on him with contempt, as a "bird collector," that they thought he displayed more interest in beetles than in men; that they only paid him the externals of homage because they thought he was pleased and satisfied.

The Toronto Carnival.

Speaking of the carnival the Globe says editorially: "We are hardly willing to go so far as did a man in the crowd on King street last night during the hour gap in the procession and claim that Mr. E. King Dodds should be arrested, nor do we sympathize freely with another man who fiercely asks where "This King Dodds lived," being evidently not unwilling to lead a mob against him. At the same time we sympathize most heartily with the disappointed citizens and visitors and feel that we owe them an apology for having encouraged them to believe in what has turned out to be a failure in too many of its features." The Empire says in its local columns: "The carnival ended in the greatest fizzle that has ever been known in Canada."

Preserving kettles of all kinds at McLennan & McFeely's.

PICNIC

Ladie's Gents, Misses, Boys and Children's tan colored and canvas shoes in great variety. Just the thing for picnics, at Mansell's.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

NEW YORK'S GREAT CHEMIST

This is to certify that I have analyzed Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. I find it composed of pure materials, compounded on correct scientific principles. The ingredients are accurately and scientifically proportioned. Hence, bread or biscuits prepared with it are better suited for digestion.

R. OGDEN DOREMUS, M. D., L. L. D.
Prof. Chemistry and Toxicology in the New York Bellevue Hospital Medical College. Prof. Chemistry and Physics in the College of the City of New York.

SPECIAL FOR THE HOLIDAYS

SEE OUR IMMENSE STOCK OF

BOOTS and SHOES.

Tan Goods, Tan Goods, Tan Goods, Oxfords, Oxfords, Oxfords,

IN ENDLESS VARIETY.

Besides our usual large and well assorted stock of all descriptions of BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. FULLERTON, 103 GOVERNMENT STREET,

May22 PEOPLE'S SHOE STORE.

NEW GOODS FOR SPRING.

BABY CARRIAGES; a beautiful line just opened.
LANCASTER WINDOW SHADING;
Some new patterns.

CARPETS, : LINOLEUMS, : CURTAIN : POLES, : WALLPAPER,

And Antique Furnishings constantly arriving.

LINCRUSTA WALTON,

The most popular of all wall decorations. Also

Largest Stock of Furniture of all kinds, Crockery, Glassware, Lamps and general House Furnishing Goods, in the Province, at

JOHN WEILER'S

Showrooms, 51 to 55 Fort St. - - - Factory, Humbolt St.

FISH'S

COMPOUND

EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA AND OREGON GRAPE FOR THE LIVER AND BLOOD

The Best Spring Medicine Known.

(Compounded solely from herbs.)

THOMAS FISH, Herbalist and Chemist

86 BLANCHARD STREET, BETWEEN PANDORA AND JOHNSON.

Pupil of the late Saml. Jno. Stratford, M.D., M.R.C.S., Eng.
Over 30 years experience in medicine.

WM ECKERT,

The Cash Grocer's Quotations:

Flour, per bbl			$5 25	Tomatoes, 6 lbs new	$ 25
Oatmeal, Rolled	18 lbs.	for	1 00	Peas, 6 lbs. new	25
" Scotch	10 "	"	45	Jams and Jellies, 5 lb. tins	1 00
Corn Meal	10 "	"	40	Pie Fruit, Assorted, gallon tins	75
Sago and Tapioca	12 "	"	1 00	Mince Meat, superior, 5 lb. tins	1 00
Rice	20 "	"	1 00	Sugar, Light Brown, 12 lbs.	1 00
Peas, Green or Split	18 "	"	1 00	Sugar House Drips, per gallon	80
Beans, White or Brown	20 "	"	1 00	Vinegar, Malt "	60
Currants new	10 "	"	1 00	Vinegar, White Wine "	63
Raisins, Valencia (new)	10 "	"	1 00	Butter, Creamery 30 cts per lb 3 lbs for	90
Prunes	from 6 to 12	"	1 00	Ham, Fidelity	18
Apples, Dried (new)	from 6 to 9	"	1 00	Bacon, 16 cts per lb, or 7 lbs for	1 00
Peaches "	6 "	"	1 00	Coal Oil, Pearl per tin	1 75
Apricots "	6 "	"	1 00	Tobacco, Smoking, 5 plugs	1 00
Peaches, 3 to 4 tins, new			90	Eggs Island 30 per doz. Imported	25
Apricots, 3 tins, new			90	Coffee, Victoria Blend	35
Pine Apples, 2 tins, new			90	" Mocha, Java and Ceylon	45
Corn " "			1 00	Tea, 5 lbs MM for	1 00
Butter, Fresh Grass Roll, per roll			35	Granulated Sugar, 17 lbs for	1 00

Remember the place, 173—Government street, corner Herald—173

THE BEST BUILDING SITES

FOR SALE IN VICTORIA.

UPPER BELCHER STREET, near the residences of Mr. Dumbleton and Major Peters—lots from one and a half to three acres. A magnificent view of the Straits, Islands and Olympian Range.

BEACON HILL PARK. A few choice lots at a low figure and on easy terms.

H. E. CROASDAILE, - 42 FORT STREET.

STEAMBOATS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER ISABEL

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, '89,

Until further notice,

The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo ..... Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox ..... Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo ..... Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria ..... Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or passage apply on board. oct7

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 11,

Taking effect March 10, 1890.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 4 o'clock, a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 11.30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 10 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's sequence to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 1 going East Monday.
For Pioneer Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Mayne Island Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 11.30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pioneer Pass Saturday.

Fraser River Route.

Steamers leave New Westminster for Hope and way landings every Wednesday. For Chilliwhack and way landings every Monday and Saturday at 7 o'clock during river navigation.

Northern Route.

S.S. Sardonyx will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves for Alberni Sound ports when sufficient inducements offer.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time without notification.
Steamers leave on Standard Time.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every five days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails.

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 10 A.M.

Umatilla - - - - - - July 13th

E. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

FOR PORT ANGELES

The fast and commodious steamer

EVANGEL

Carrying U. S. mails, leaves Port Townsend every

MONDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY,

at 5 o'clock (Mondays and Thursdays through to Neah Bay) calling at New Dungeness, Port Angeles, Crescent Bay, Sole River, Twin River, Pysht, Clallam Bay and Neah Bay. Returning Tuesday through to Seattle, Saturday to Port Angeles and return.

THROUGH CONNECTIONS for Port Angeles made at Port Townsend with boats from Victoria on Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

MORGAN & MANN, Owners.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

FOR HONOLULU

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,600 tons) ..... FRIDAY, July 18, 1890, 12 m.

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer MARIPOSA ..... SATURDAY, JULY 26, 1890, 12 m. Or immediately on arrival of the English mails.

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS. General Agents.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 12

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday, May 1st, 1890.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

COING SOUTH. READ UP.

No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Daily, Sun. Mon.	No. 5 Passenger Saturdays only.	STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Daily, Sun. Mon.	No. 6 Passenger Saturdays only.
Ar.	Ar.	Ar.		Ar.	Ar.	Ar.
12 00	6 00	7 30	VICTORIA	8 00	2 00	7 10
12 08	6 08	7 38	HILLSIDE	7 52	1 52	7 02
12 14	6 14	7 44	COLQUITZ	7 46	1 46	6 56
12 19	6 19	7 49	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	7 41	1 41	6 51
12 24	6 24	7 54	KOKSILAH	7 36	1 36	6 46
12 30	6 30	8 00	DUNCANS	7 30	1 30	6 40
12 40	6 40	8 10	CHEMAINUS	7 20	1 20	6 30
1 15	7 15	8 45	NANAIMO	6 45	12 45	6 05
3 15	9 15	10 45	WELLINGTON	4 45	10 45	3 45

COING NORTH. READ DOWN.

No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Sat. Mon.	No. 5 Passenger Saturdays only.	STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Sun. Mon.	No. 6 Passenger Saturdays only.
A. M.	P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
8 00	2 00	7 30	WELLINGTON	12 15	6 15	10 45
8 07	2 07	7 37	NANAIMO	11 45	5 45	10 15
8 13	2 13	7 43	CHEMAINUS	11 09	5 09	9 39
8 23	2 23	7 53	DUNCANS	10 59	4 59	9 29
8 31	2 31	8 01	KOKSILAH	10 51	4 51	9 21
8 36	2 36	8 06	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	10 46	4 46	9 16
8 41	2 41	8 11	COLQUITZ	10 41	4 41	9 11
8 47	2 47	8 17	HILLSIDE	10 35	4 35	9 05
8 55	2 55	8 25	VICTORIA	10 30	4 30	9 00

ON SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS AND MONDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday evening.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Round Tickets issued for a single fare. Where such fare is twenty five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

RAILWAYS.

UNION PACIFIC

Tickets ON SALE —TO— DENVER

Omaha, Kansas City, Chicago,

ST PAUL, ST. LOUIS,

AND ALL POINTS

East, North and South,

UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY.

STEAMERS.

Tacoma-Victoria Route.

Leave Tacoma	
Leave Seattle	12 00 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend	10 00 a.m.
Arrive Victoria	1 00 p.m.
Leave Victoria	11 00 p.m.
Leave Port Townsend	10 00 a.m.
Leave Seattle	10 00 a.m.
Arrive Tacoma	2 00 p.m.

Tacoma-Seattle Route.

Leave Tacoma—10.00 a.m.; 12.00 m.; *2.45 p.m.
Leave Seattle—*1.30 a.m.; 10.00 a.m.; 5.00 p.m.
Boats leaving Tacoma 10.00 a.m. and Seattle at 5.00 p.m. and 4.30 p.m. land at Des Moines.

Seattle-Olympia Route.

Leave Seattle...*1.30 p.m. | Leave Olympia...*7.00 a.m.
Leave Tacoma...2.30 p.m. | Lv. Steilacoom...8.00 a.m.
Lv. Steilacoom...3.00 p.m. | Leave Tacoma...12.00 m.
Ar. Olympia...*11.00 p.m. | Arrive Seattle...*3.00 p.m.
—Daily except Sunday. Sunday only. *Daily.

Whatcom, Semiahmoo and Blaine Route.

Steamer leaves Seattle daily, except Saturday, for Whatcom at 11 p.m. Arrives at Whatcom daily, except Sunday, at 3 p.m.
Leaves Whatcom for Seattle daily, except Saturday 8 p.m. Arrives at Seattle daily, except Sunday, 7 a.m.
Steamers from Semiahmoo and Blaine leave Whatcom every Saturday at 5 p.m. Returning, leave Blaine every Sunday at 10 a.m. for Whatcom and Seattle.

RAIL LINE.

"The Overland Flyer" leaves Portland at 7 a.m. daily, and carries Pullman Dining and Sleeping Cars between Portland and Chicago.

C. J. FISHER, Freight and Passenger Agent
No. 100 Government street, Victoria.

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

— THE —

Northern Pacific RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment,
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and if which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second class Tickets, and

— ELEGANT DAY COACHES. —

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent.
121 First St., cor. Washington, Portland, Or.
G. C. CHANDLER, General Agent.
Headquarters Building, Tacoma, Wash.
E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B. C.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The only Transcontinental Line

— RUNNING —

SOLID TRAINS

FROM PACIFIC TO ATLANTIC COAST

— CONSISTING OF —

Palace, Sleeping and Parlor Cars, Elegant Day Coaches, Luxurious Dining Cars, Commodious Colonist Sleepers—the latter free.

THROUGH :-: TICKETS

To St. Paul, Chicago, Detroit, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, New York, Boston, Portland, and all points in the United States and Canada, can be purchased at less rate than via any other line.

Passengers booked.

To and from all European Points

For rates, maps and particulars, call on or address

A. CAMERON, City Pass. and Tkt. Agent, Government street, Victoria, B. C.
D. E. BROWN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

— AND —

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Shortest Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast.

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Pacific Coast Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations, etc., call upon or address

THOS. J. GRAHAM, City Pass. Agent.
No. 138 Cook Block St., Tacoma, Wash.
E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Pat.

The Daily Times.

CITY AND PROVINCIAL.

GATHERING EVIDENCE.

Stavely Hill M.P., Again Interesting Himself in the B. C. Sealers' Cause.

When Stavely Hill, M. P., was here a little less than a year ago, procuring information in regard to British Columbia sealers and their troubles, he promised the interested ones that he would not allow the matter to be lost sight of upon the reassembling of the Imperial Parliament. Neither he did, for as he told a TIMES reporter last night, he has three or four times this session brought the Behring Sea matter forward either in the form of formal questions, which have been discussed, or a motion, couched in decided terms, which has not, owing to the statement of Sir James Ferguson that the discussion that it would naturally produce might easily damage the diplomatic negotiations in progress.

What little attention has been given to the sealers' case this session, has, however, shown Mr. Hill that there are still many points on which the Commons require information. His statements in regard to the seizure of the Auranah has been contradicted by Russia, and so he has journeyed all the way from England to obtain a supply of the latest facts, particularly with reference to this Auranah capture. To-day and to-morrow will be spent by Mr. Hill interviewing sealing men, and on Friday he leaves for home in order to be present in the House before the latter days come. He thinks that when the all engrossing subjects that have monopolized the attention of the Commons lately—the Compensation and Tithes Bills—are polished of, the Behrings Sea question will obtain a fair hearing, and justice will this year be done to British Columbians.

BEHRING SEA SEALERS.

It is Believed that Blaine's Orders Will Not Be Enforced.

The claim made that the revenue cutters are authorized and expected to keep all poachers out of the Behring sea is not believed in Seattle, says the Press, and those posted in the matter openly avow their disbelief in Secretary Blaine's intention of enforcing the exclusion of sealing vessels from the sea.

"It's all blanked nonsense," remarked Captain J. C. Nixon. "They won't even attempt to keep out English vessels. Though they may drive out the American sealers, and I would be willing to wager a good sum that if the orders received last week could be seen they would be found to contain nothing with reference to driving out British vessels. The fact is, if I was intending to keep on sealing I would put my vessel under British colors and would go right along satisfied that I would not be interferred with. Why do I think so? Because it isn't the policy of this Government to interfere with English vessels or do anything to provoke trouble.

"See how it was last year. Every American sealing vessel was driven out but the English schooners were not interfered with. At least, the only thing done was to take three out of about 40 schooners, and the others spent the season there within a hundred miles of the revenue cutters all the time. The result of this kind of treatment is to be seen right here in Seattle. This year but one schooner has left here for the sealing grounds, while last year seven were fitted up. Each one pays out several thousand dollars and gives employment to a number of men.

"The fact is, Behring is not a closed sea and is not generally considered so. A practical solution of all this would be to throw open the sea to all comers and forbid any one going within at least nine miles of the islands for sealing purposes. The Government could very readily take a company from Vancouver to Port Townsend and send it up there where it would do some good.

"The real injury to the sealing interests is that done on the islands by the companies to whom the government farms out the privilege of killing on shore. Thousands are slaughtered when they come up on the land, while those shot at sea are fewer and it is much harder to get within distance of them. Notwithstanding the seals are becoming more timid each year, every one would be satisfied if the government would farm out all seaons so that one set of men would reform an sealing on land and keep sealers three leagues from shore."

It has been stated that the season for sealing in Behring sea has been on for a month, while the cutters were lying in the Sound waiting orders. An old sealer says that the season does not really open until about July 15, which will give the cutters plenty of time to get to the scene. Should the cutters seize English vessels and appropriate sealskins, papers, arms, etc., as it is thought by some has been ordered, a lively time is looked for.

Doctors in Demand.

The people in many of the up-river farming districts feel the need of medical practitioners very severely, and the want is one which will soon have to be supplied says the Columbian. In cases of sudden illness no doctor is obtainable nearer than Westminster, and the lack of telegraph communication prevents the speedy summoning of one of the profession when the necessity is urgent—when life hangs in the balance and the lapse of a few hours means death to the patient. This is a large and wealthy settlement, capable of giving a good living to a well qualified physician, but the want is not yet supplied. There is no telegraph communication to Westminster, and a call for the doctor must be sent by steamer, canoe or by special courier over the Yale road, all this entailing the loss of many hours and greatly endangering the life of the sick person, and costing a sum which would be considered enormous in any other country. Yesterday one of our doctors was summoned to Langley, and a steamer had to take the doctor there, adding an expense to the visit which many sick people could not afford, and in consequence would be obliged to suffer without skilled attendance. This is a matter of great importance to the country people, and if possible the want should be remedied.

Arrived.

Curling tongs and irons, ladies penknives, scissors, etc. and a full line of shaving materials at M. & H. A. Fox's, 78 Government street.

Rose Team.

The committee appointed to select a rose team for the forthcoming tournament met last evening and named the twelve men who are to try and hold up the reputation of Victoria. The team is composed entirely of fireman with the exception of one man, and no doubt they will make a good showing.

Graving Dock Charges.

The following is the tariff of charges for docking vessels at Esquimalt: For vessels up to 1,000 gross tons, $400 for the first day of docking, and 10 cents per ton thereafter; up to 2,000, $500 and 8 cents; up to 3,000, $600 and 6 cents; up to 6,000, $700 and 5 cents. No reductions are allowed for Sundays or holidays.

Incoming Passengers.

The steamer Walla Walla sailed from San Francisco for Victoria and Puget Sound ports this morning with the following passengers for Victoria: Jane Truebody, J. Batty and wife, Mrs. Batty and three children, J. McLean, Mrs. Calnon, Mrs. McLean, Dr. W. Newcomb, S. E. King and wife, N. Bayne and wife, Mrs. A. Turner, G. McCrinnon and wife, G. J. Cooper.

Penitentiary Statistics.

The statistics for the year ending June 30th, 1890, of the British Columbia penitentiary, show that there has been a light increase in the number of convicts remaining, but not an increase in comparison to the number of people who have come to the Province, there being confined in the institution at present 76 all told. Of these there are 25 Chinamen, 13 Indian half-breeds, negroes and Japanese, 1 woman, and the rest white. During the year 18 new convicts were received.

Another Inlet Village.

The end of the North road near Port Moody, the Columbian says, is to be known in future as Aliceville, which pretty name has been bestowed on it by the owners of the property in honor of one of Westminster's fairest and most accomplished daughters. Mr. H. Abbott, Supt. C.P.R., has been petitioned to make Aliceville a flag station, and there is good reason to believe he will grant the wish of the petitioners. A large number of Vancouver and Royal City people will summer at or near Aliceville, and the flag station will prove an immense convenience to the many residents of the little burg who go and come between the two cities.

Trouble with Electricity.

The new electric arc light plant at Vancouver got badly damaged the other night by two of the arc machines getting their armatures burned out. Some delay will be caused before the necessary repairs can be made.

Twenty-five telephones were also burned out on Saturday. The old wire, formerly used on the city incandescent lights was being taken down, and it fell across the live wire of the electric car line. The old wire was at the time lying across a lot of telephone wires, and the latter were charged with the high tension current to such an extent that all the phones on that circuit were burnt out. Repairs are being made.

Deep Sea Fishing.

The British Columbia Deep-sea Fishing Company, the World says, are prosecuting their new industry with vigor, and a few days will show what success they may accomplish. Already part of the apparatus, with supplies, has gone up to Hope Island, at the northern end of Vancouver Island, which will constitute their fishing grounds for the present. Monday morning a party, consisting of Messrs. J. A. Foley, P. W. Foley, Walter Hargraves and Fred. Clulow, left by the Velos, Captain Newcombe, with additional outfit and apparatus for packing and curing the catch, which will be chiefly halibut. The fish will be packed in ice and brought to Vancouver for shipment. The Company will employ Siwashes at the Islands to do the fishing.

On Vancouver Island.

PORT TOWNSEND, July 7.—The story published in Seattle papers to the effect that Coella, alias John Smith, the supposed murderer of Jose Deletis, had been seen in Seattle, is not given any credit by the police here. The murderer evidently left on the Walla Walla and left that vessel at Victoria. He had plenty of time to do this, as the Walla Walla did not leave here until 4 o'clock in the morning, and arrived at 7.30 o'clock, an hour before the crime was discovered. It was three hours before a description was telegraphed.

Captain James Flint, who was sent to Victoria to assist in the hunt for the murderer, returned yesterday. He thinks that the murderer is hiding in the interior of Vancouver Island.

The county commissioners will in all probability increase the reward offered to $250.

The local police have scoured the adjoining country and are satisfied that the murderer is not hiding in the neighborhood.

The Founder of Ocean Steamships.

We notice the death this week of Sir George Burns, at the advanced age of 95. He was a great person in his way, having been the real organizer of steam navigation between Britain and America, though Samuel Cunard, of Halifax, suggested to him the idea. We all know how "Cunards" grew under his management till it became the first steamship company in the world, with a fleet as great of that of a second-class maritime power. It has been a joke against the company for the last quarter of a century that it always replied to remonstrances by the remark, "Cunard's never lost a passenger;" but just reflect on the administrative faculty which secured such management as justified that boast. Even a traffic manager has not to deal with men so completely beyond reach as a steamship king has, nor is he attacked by forces so unmanageable as storms. The great ship owners have to be statesmen in a way, and we do not quite know why they attract less attention than the great contractors and other captains of industry. Is it because the literary class, which gives fame to all but the greatest, so seldom understands the sea.—London Spectator.

A syndicate of noblemen headed by Lord Wallbridge, has been organized with a capital of $1,000,000 to acquire possession of the phosphate fields of the United States and Canada.

Merchants Luncheon.

From 11.30 until 2 o'clock and Lowenbrau at the Bank Exchange.

The Museum.

The contributors to the Provincial Museum for the month of June were:

Victoria—Mrs. Gov. Nelson, Miss Viola Vernon, G. A. McTavish, James Douglas, Fred Neeves, Dixi H. Ross, Aw Flett, Dr. Newcombe, Ashdown Green, B. C. Natural History Society, James Deans, King & Dyer, I. Van Volkenburgh, E. G. Tilton, Mr. Hampton, John Braden, W. Roscamp, Richard Day Atkins, H. E. Croasdaille.

Ladner's—H. N. Rich.

Jourdon Meadows—Mr. Wicks.

Metchosin—Geo. Rears.

The Way to Do It.

Some little time ago a writer sent an article to a magazine with the following explanatory note: "I know that you probably have several thousand articles on hand, many of them written by well-known writers, while I am entirely unknown. But I venture to hope that you will look at my article at once, first, because it is on a fresh topic, and is concisely put; second, because it is not folded, but sent to you between two pieces of pasteboard, and thirdly, because it is type-written." The article was promptly accepted, and appeared in two months.

Ice Cream made to order and delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone No. 161. New England Bakery Young Bros., No. 116 and 118 Government street.

Carload of chairs, cots, cribs, desks and general furniture just arrived at J. Hastie & Co's, Government street.

TWO CARS

OF

Jubilee Ranges,
Cook Stoves,
Wringers,
Mangles.
Family Scales,
Grates,
Mantles,
Tiles,

AND

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS

AT

McLennan & McFeeley's,

70 YATES STREET.

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

For a Good Cheap and Reliable Watch go to

G. B. PARRY,

Opposition Watchmaker against high charges.

62 FORT STREET. je18-3m

GERVAS F. WAKE & CO

REAL ESTATE AGENTS

52 LANGLEY STREET.

178 acre farm on Somenos Lake, 4 roomed house with kitchen, workshop, barns etc. 1 acre in fruit trees, never failing creek running through the premises. 1 mile from Somenos station, ½ mile from church and school.

250 acre farm in South Quamichan District 14 acres cleared, 3 miles from station.

290 acres on Pender Island.

100 acres on Saanich Road.

Acreage property on the Esquimalt Road.

Acreage property on the Gordon Head and Cedar Hill Roads.

Lots on Spring Ridge, Alfred, Henry and Collinson streets, etc.

Lots James Bay, Dallas Road and Beacon Hill.

Residences on Fort, View, Cook, Alfred and Henry streets and Spring Ridge.

G. C. Sauer & Co.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

BRITISH COLUMBIA

OF THE RENOWNED

Lowenbrau Beer,

Imported direct from Munich, Bavaria.

FALK'S CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER

in Kegs or Bottles with Patent Stoppers.

Schmidt & Co.'s Sarsaparella & Iron

EUROPEAN AND CALIFORNIA WINES

A SPECIALTY.

We carry a large stock of Cognacs, Brandies, Gins, Scotch, Irish, Bourbon and Rye Whiskies, Cordials and Mineral Waters, Imported and Domestic Cigars.

51 WHARF STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

Telephone Call 696. My17

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE.

Warranted to cure "APHRODITINE" or money refunded.

Is Sold on a POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through Indiscretion, such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00, sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address

THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.

WESTERN BRANCH,

Box 37. PORTLAND, OR.

SOLD BY COCHRANE & MUNN, DRUGGIST Corner of Yates and Douglas streets.

nov26eod&w-ly Sole Wholesale Agent Victoria.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS

Will Sell you a $25 Suit for $18.40

Until About August 1st

$20.00 SUIT FOR $16.00.

$16.00 SUIT FOR $12.80,

$10.00 SUIT FOR $8.00.

Remember, the Best Suit in our Store for $18.40

SOLD EVERYWHERE FOR $25.

PANTS, A THOUSAND PAIRS TO SELECT FROM

20 PER CENT. OFF THEM ALL.

WE HAVE A

Splendid Range of Boys' Tweed Suits

In two and three pieces, short and long pants.

NOW IS THE TIME TO CLOTHE YOUR BOYS

20 per cent. off all Suits and Pants for Cash only.

We expect to move into our new store, which will be the finest in the Province, about the first of August.

Gilmore & McCandless

35 JOHNSON STREET.

F. G. Richards, Jr., Real Estate & Financial Broke

CITY PROPERTY A SPECIALTY.

SOME CHOICE LOTS ON VERY EASY TERMS IN THE FOLLOWING PARTS OF THE CITY:

James Bay, Work Estate, Spring Ridge, Gorge Road, Saanich Road, Victoria East, Fernwood Estate, Regent Park

INTEREST AND RENTS COLLECTED AND RETURNS MADE PROMPTLY.

CONVEYANCING in all its branches executed expeditiously and carefully.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE AT CURRENT RATES. MONEY TO LOAN AT A LOW RATE OF INTEREST

51 YATES STREET, - VICTORIA.

TO WORKINGMEN.

27 Building Lots on the Craigflower Road, facing the Gorge. Price $250 and $275 each. Terms, $25 down and $10 per month.

10 Acres on Fowl Bay cheap, and a complete list of first-class properties to suit investors.

T. G. RAYNER, Real Estate, Stock and Share Broker,

je12 TROUNCE AVENUE.

SEE OUR SPRING STOCK OF SHOES.

Profuse in Novelties. Variegated in Colors.
Great in Assortment. To suit the most fastidious.

Unapproachable in Prices.

UNQUESTIONABLY THE FINEST LINE EVER SHELVED IN A FIRST-CLASS BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

EXAMINE THEM.

H. MANSELL, No. 95 Gov't St.

Remember that every dollar spent with us get the most a dollar can buy.

BOOTS AND SHOES MADE TO ORDER IN EVERY STYLE. REPAIRING ON SHORT NOTICE.

The Latest. The Best.

VICTORIA PARK WEST. VICTORIA PARK WEST.

THE SALE OF THIS VALUABLE AND DESIRABLE PROPERTY HAS COMMENCED---SIXTY-FIVE LOTS SOLD IN TWO DAYS!!!

Any person who can stand on this property and take in the vast and sure possibilities of a rapid rise in prices, and doesn't buy a lot or a dozen lots, is a phenomenon we have not yet discovered.

We started with the intention of selling the whole 300 lots in 60 days, and WE INTEND TO DO IT.

We'll make any reasonable terms. In this case we are working pro bono publico. Our Brokers are

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE, COLONIST BLOCK, VICTORIA, B.C.

AMONG THE CHINESE.

A Little Row That Was Greatly Exaggerated—An Opium Den.

About 12 o'clock last night, Sergt. Walker and Officer Hawton were approached by a Chinaman who informed them that a Chinaman had been shot at the Chinese theatre. The officers immediately started for the place with the Mongolian, who, as soon as they got in the building, skipped around a corner and has not been seen since. There had been a row, but not as serious as at first thought, between the cashier of the theatre and one of the actors, who claimed that he was being cheated out of 75 cents. A good deal of talking was done but neither party was seriously injured. A representative of the TIMES, who accompanied an officer to the scene of the row this morning, was given an opportunity to see a Chinese abode. The building is from the outside a two story one, but the industrious Chinee has made four flats out of it, at the rear of the theatre proper. Each flat has about twenty rooms and this morning two Chinamen were asleep in every room with an opium outfit between them. Little narrow stairs lead to the different flats and in case of fire it would be almost impossible for the miserable victims of the opium habit to get out of their dens.

A ROUGH VOYAGE.

The Schooner Carmolite Seven Months from Nova Scotia.

The schooner Carmolite, 99 tons, Captain Melville Cutler, 207 days from Liverpool, N. S., anchored in this port at an early hour this morning, after an extraordinarily rough passage round the Horn.

The Carmolite was built last year by Millet of Liverpool, and purchased by Capt. Hackett, now on the sealing schooner Annie C. Moore, and it was intended to have had her out here in time to go north for this season's sealing, but wind and weather were adverse to her, and instead of the voyage out being done in the ordinary time of 140 days, nearly seven months were taken up by it, and it is now too late to send her north. The schooner is a very pretty one, modelled after the well known Liverpool style, and although she shows the marks of a long voyage and rough treatment by the elements, it is easy to see that she is one of the fleetest of her class. On her trip out she made 224 knots in 24 hours, and one week made 1400 knots, but in spite of this a series of gales off the Horn kept her back. For 50 days she lay off the stormy cape, hove to, making mile after mile of leeway, drifting in two days over 150 miles, so great was the strength of the wind, and all this time a feathery spume of tempest driven water swept madly across her decks. Had it not been for the good seamanship of her captain and the brave help of her crew, she must have been lost, as while off the Horn, in the worst possible weather, a tremendous sea and squall struck the little vessel, sprung the bowsprit, burst the forestaysail and did other damage. Preventer stays were promptly rigged from the foremasthead to the windlass, although the job was a difficult one. The bowsprit was fished and everything done the spar being saved, although crippled. The foretopmast was also lost and the bowsprit weakened a good deal of sail carrying capacity was lost which in a great measure is the reason of the long trip.

The Carmolite has a crew of nine all told, Capt. Melville Cutler being in command, with Mr. Charles Hansen as mate. All hands have been well, no sickness or accidents having occurred to render less endurable the long trip. A plentitude of provisions were aboard, and beyond the discomforts of a long and rough trip, the crew of the little ship did not suffer any. They are all very glad, however to get ashore again. As the season is so late, it is not likely that the Carmolite will go north this season.

The Carmolite brought out as cargo 700 bags of salt for R. P. Rithet & Co., and a lot of extra stores.

Children Enjoy

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious the most gratifying results follow its use, so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

Baby carriages of latest styles just received by John Weller, 51 to 55 Fort street.

Arrived.

Bass XXXX Ale (Lamb's Wool) at the Occidental Hotel bar.

The genuine Mason's porcelain lined top fruit jars and jelly glasses at Shore & Anderson's, No. 107 Douglas street. No trouble to open them.

Thermometer at Cochrane & Munn's.

Temperature to-day, 72 deg.

Custom Made Pants

$3.00 and $4.00 per pair. Russell, McDonald & Co., Douglas street.

Sons of England.

A special meeting of Alexander lodge No. 116 will be held in Sons of England hall this evening, to receive Rev. Hobson on his arrival from Vancouver. To-morrow night the regular meeting will be held when the new officers will be finally installed.

A Rich Location.

Major Downie states that during his prospecting trip up north he located a splendid specimen of manganese which he is assured by mineral experts will prove a rich find to him. The energetic Major has sent a number of samples to San Francisco to be assayed.

Cut Your Thistles.

Notices are now being given by the police to the owners and agents of land whereon thistles are growing to have the same cut down and destroyed forthwith, or else summonses will be issued. The thistle pest is one that must be kept down, and the municipal authorities are determined it shall be.

Real Estate.

J. Levy of the T. & L. cigar factory, has leased the building at the northeast corner of Blanchard and Douglas streets, for a term of ten years, and he is now removing his factory to the premises. The rest of the lot has been leased to D. G. McDonald, the contractor, who is now erecting a shop facing Blanchard street.

Logging Camp.

A logging camp has been started on Lasquita Island by Mr. Stewart, late chief of police of Vancouver, and the work of cutting the timber, which is abundant on that island and of good quality, is proceeding with the utmost dispatch. They have a large contract to fill for a sawmill at Westminster which they desire to complete before the winter sets in.

Doing Good Work.

Jumbo, the road roller, has been at work the past day or two smoothing down the jagged rocks on Douglas street, much to the satisfaction of the drivers of teams. The roughness of that street has long been a source of trouble, and the wisdom of the street committee in having it rolled to a hard surface cannot be too highly extolled, though it is only what the said committee is supposed to do.

Y. M. I. Convention.

The annual convention at San Francisco of the Young Mens' Institute, is to be one of the greatest features of the year there. Over $5000 has been subscribed by the 'Frisco Institutes to entertain the visiting delegates. The first day of the celebration, Aug. 4th, will be taken up with a parade, and in the evening a literary and musical entertainment and ball will be given. General business of the convention will be carried on during the ensuring three days. It is expected that about 6000 people will take part in the convention.

Give Them a Call.

Geo. E. Munro, late purser of the Barbara Boscowitz, and J. M. Hughes, late with J. Gosnell, grocer, have formed a co-partnership as retail grocers under the firm name of Munro & Hughes, in the Galpin Block, corner Yates and Douglas, opposite the Clarence Hotel, where they will be glad to see all their old friends, and as many new ones as will give them a call. Goods delivered free to all parts of the city; and will call at houses for orders. Telephone No. 526. j9-1w.

From the North.

The steamer Princess Louise arrived down from Queen Charlotte Islands and the North this afternoon, under command of Capt. Irving. She brought down the captain and crew of the stranded steamer Sardonyx, and brings the news that the latter vessel is a total loss. The Sardonyx is lying on the rock where she struck, her back being broken, masts and funnel gone, and cabin washed away. The crew since her wreck have been living in a half-finished house on the beach near the Skidegate tribe's village. The cook of the steamer prepared food for the stranded mariners, who were not on short commons, as fish was plentiful.

The canneries at River's Inlet and the Skeena are busy, but nothing of importance in the way of news is chronicled. The run of salmon is fair, but not up to last year.

Save Your Time, Patience and Money

by using Pendray's
Shoe Blacking,
Stove Polish,
and Laundry Blue.

NAUTICAL NOTES.

Items of Interest Along the Water Front—General Marine News.

The Discovery Point fog horn has been put in position.

There are but two unchartered ships at San Francisco just now.

It is understood that the Espiegle is not to go into dock just yet.

The steamer Rainbow is taking on 900 cases of salmon for a ship at Moodyville.

Ship Mercator, from London to Vancouver, anchored in Royal roads last night to await a tug.

Since the strike at Wellington the C. P. N. company have been using Comox coal on their steamers.

The steamer City of Topeka arrived from the Sound this morning and leaves this evening for the north.

The steamer Schome beat the steamer Eastern Oregon, in a race from Seattle to Port Townsend on the 6th.

The freight of the Princess Louise, from the north, was light this trip, only a few furs on some oil from Skidegate.

The steamer Maude brought down a load of coal from Comox yesterday and leaves again to-night for another load.

The bark Wanlock spoke the ship Ivy of Bath, of Maine, 79 days out from New York for Astoria, and the Mercator, the same time out from London for Victoria, off Massafura, both in dead calm.

The bark Wanlock, Capt. Cooper, 141 days from London with a general cargo for R. P. Rithet & Co., arrived at Esquimalt last night. An uneventful voyage is reported. She will discharge naval stores and then come around to Victoria harbor.

Among the steerage passengers brought into San Francisco by the City of Sydney on her last trip from Panama, was a Mrs. Hernandez, who, at the time of the steamer's departure, had four children. During the trip she gave birth to a pair of fine twins. They grew and prospered, and became the pets of the passengers.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

A. Lucas, special detective agent, is in the city.

T. Cunningham, of New Westminster, is in town.

W. Hoffman and family, of Tacoma, are at the Clarence.

Mr. Alex. Dunsmuir returned yesterday from San Francisco.

H. Croft, M. P. P., is at Harrison Hot Springs for the benefit of his health.

Inspector Young, of H. M. Customs, took a trip to the U. S. this morning on business.

Geo. Kennedy, of Wellington, returned from the Sound last evening and is at the Oriental.

J. McB. Smith, Provincial Auditor, accompanied by Mrs. Smith, left by the C. P. R. this morning en route to his old home in Prince Edward Island.

Mr. Samuel Clark has arrived in Vancouver from Clones, Ireland, to assume the editorship of the Telegram. Mr. Clark has had considerable experience on the press of Canada.

BRIEF LOCALS.

The Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

Board of Aldermen meet to-night.

Next Sunday is decoration day by the Odd Fellows.

The old verandah around the Moody block is being torn down.

Regular drill of the B. C. B. G. A. to-night at the shed, at James Bay.

The Nanaimo Free Press reports a small boom at Departure Bay.

There will be a meeting of the stone cutters at Philharmonic Hall to-night.

The E. & N. railway swing bridge is being strengthened by new and heavier beams and braces.

The only unfortunate who was caught in the mesh of the police net for the 24 hours ending at 10 o'clock this morning was a drunk, who still lingered under the soothing properties of rye and soda when the police magistrate appeared, and he will accordingly occupy a cell until to-morrow.

The new engine of the E. & N. Railway, which has been christened McGinty, on account of its recent trip to the deep, will venture as far as the Summit to-morrow. The engine was tested yesterday and proved entirely satisfactory. The engine will be placed permanently on the line next Friday.

"Montserrat" Lime Fruit Juice alone, or taken with sugar and cold water, is a most delicious beverage during the heated term.

Steam Laundry, telephone No. 497. Branch offices, 74 Yates street and Trounce alley.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Olympian from the Sound—Mrs E H Morrison, M Naughton and wife, J C Lee wife and daughter, J Miller, T F Gould, Geo Weston, H A Rees, J Hembel, Mrs Crozier, M H Keel, Mrs Buckley, J E Card, W A Restenpart, A G Chutter J W Irving and son, H Wagner, D Van, C A Phillips, Miss Shunaway, Miss Hill, G McFarland, G E Jackson, Mrs Williams, George Kennedy, Mrs Tredell, F C Austin, H Heller, John Fretwell, F W Montgomery and wife, J M Heron, M Thomas, H C Ives, W F Smith, John May, J F Conant, McLean, Mrs Molan, C S Grillo, Miss Butler, G E Recor, J A Ressor, F A Bruce, Mrs T O'Brien, O Gass, J L Goddett, A Weaver, Miss Urquart, C E Appell, W H Gray and wife, Miss Parsons, Miss Schonway, J Morgan, Miss Carriage.

Per Str City of Kingston from the Sound—G Nicalaurs wife and daughter, T C Edwards and wife, E Williams, A Ladd and wife, A McLean, A Dahl, Miss Young, D Grayson wife and son, A Thomas, James Mack, Mrs Hoffman and two daughters, Miss Stamlaugh, S Jones, W Jockson, Mrs Gooch and daughter, T G Moody, A J Harimann, G Harris, Miss Anderson, J Kenney, W Wilson, J Lewis, F Carlson and wife, J Kattenbach, Mrs Ellis, A Lucas and wife, Miss Wescott, W Hoffman and wife, John Foots and wife two daughters and son, C Straube, Mrs Sticknaeth and son.

Per the Steamer Islander from Vancouver—Miss Godfrey, W J McMellis, Miss Brown, Miss Pelly, S Johnson, R P Rithet, Ed Trim, W Chickmay, Miss Isaac, Miss Simeons, B T Jones, Miss Jessie Black, W Wykoff, S P Miller, 2 Sisters St Ann, George W Brown, M McVeer, T Walker, Staveley Hill, C Jones, D McDonald, A St Geo Hammersley, Miss McDowie, D R Clark, H Saunder, Thos Leith, Miss Astrics and son, Miss Pelly, F P Cockburn, Thos Logan, F S Barnard, D Nicol, M Raven, Thos Hooper, Miss Jeffree, Miss Anna Stewart, Sidney Saunders.

Per Stmr. Princess Louise from the North—Rev D Allan, Miss Carne, J Knox, Steve Munson, Mr Banks, Mr Collister, Mr M A Hood, Miss Blanchard.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Olympian from the Sound—B H A Co, E B Marvin & Co, Kenneth McCleary.

Per Str City of Kingston from the Sound—Humphreys and Sayer, J Percy and Co, Henry Mansell, J H Todd and Sons, R P Rithet, H Saunders, Ames Holden Co, Capt John Irving, T T Sich, George Gilbert, A W Vowell, A E Bostock, J E Redfern, W H Redmond, Dixi H Ross and Co, Langley and Co, A Anderson, W H Adams, Dominion Express Co, C W Miller, John Weller, C B Lockhart, Thos Earle, George Smith, C R McDonald, A O Leask, R H Jamieson, A Cohen.

Per bark Wanlock from London—Boucherat and Co, Hall and Goepel, Marchant, F and Co, R W and Co, T N Hibben and Co, M H Wait and Co, Dixi H Ross and Co, Marvin and Tilton, R P Rithet and Co, A B Gray, Findley, D and B, Miss Holmes, H Dundleton, L Rodon, Angus and Gordon, J G Keith, A Ford, Miss Dove, Henry Goward, Naval Stores, Fell and Co, Turner, Beeton and Co, W J Weller.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*U. S. Government Report, Aug. 17, 1889.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

I. O. O. F.

MEMORIAL SERVICES

ALL MEMBERS OF THE INDEPENDENT order of Oddfellows are invited to meet at the Oddfellows' Hall on Sunday next, the 13th July, at 10:30 a. m., for the purpose of attending Divine Service at St. John's Church, and again at 2 o'clock p. m., to proceed to the various Cemeteries to decorate the graves of deceased members.

Contributions of flowers will be thankfully received by the Committee, at the Hall, on Saturday afternoon, the 12th instant, or on the day of the celebration.

j9-2 By order of THE COMMITTEE.

C. P. N. Co., Ld.

FOR

Fort Simpson, Naas & Way Ports

Steamer

Princess Louise,

JOHN IRVING, Master.

WILL LEAVE SPRATT'S WHARF

—ON—

Saturday, July 12th, at 4 p.m.

For freight or passage apply at office of the Company. JNO. IRVING, Manager.

jy8-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SINGLE TAX.

All those willing to join a Single Tax Club in Victoria will please attend a meeting for that purpose at the rooms of the Sir William Wallace Society Friday evening, 11th inst., at 8 o'clock.

jly9-2i

A BY-LAW

To amend the "Revenue By-Law."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE MAYOR AND Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows:

1. That sub-section 9 of Schedule A of the Revenue By-Law, 1889, be amended by striking out all the words therein after the words "six months," at the end of the second line thereof.

2. By adding at the end of section 22 of said Schedule "A," the following: "Every person who carries on the occupation of a stevedore, or who has taken contracts to load or unload ships within the Municipality, $50 for every six months."

This By-Law may be cited as the "Revenue Amendment By-Law, 1890, No. 2."

Passed the Municipal Council this 18th day of June, A. D. 1890.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council, the 23rd day of June, A. D. 1890.

JOHN GRANT, Mayor.

[L.S.]

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

jly9

Must be Cleared!

In order to keep coming financial engagements

IT IS URGENT THAT I CLEAR

A LARGE PERCENTAGE OF

MY NEW & VARIED

STOCK OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

To do this I have remarked same to such prices as will, I trust, ensure

EARLY CLEARANCE.

SALE COMMENCING

THURSDAY, 10TH

C. L. TERRY,

Cash Dry Goods,

Cor. Broad and Yates.

jy8-tf

CAMERON'S

BID FOR BUSINESS,

ARE YOU WILLING to be convinced that you may be wasting money? Or are you like the old lady who was willing to be convinced, but would like to see the person who could convince her?

TO PAY THE PRICES others ask is simply rank nonsense. It is paying a premium to greediness and emptying your purse to fill pockets bulging with plunder.

THAT OTHER ASK two prices is no reason why you should pay more than one, or that you should suppose that the two-price piratical profit plan is associated with every business.

WHEN YOU CAN come into our store, handle our goods, compare them in price and quality, and prove to your own satisfaction that we are living up to our claim of low-price dealing, why don't you come?

GET LOWER PRICES and save money. That's the idea. You can get them. If no other store offers them our store does. Our war cry is "low prices." That's our bid for business.

AT OUR STORE you will find as choice a display as you ever looked on. Nothing that belongs to a fine stock is missing—except the usual exorbitant prices. Our prices are very low.

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING AND Furnishing Goods.

TRY THE ONE PRICE CASH PLAN AT

CAMERON'S

55 Johnson Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 30 days after date I intend making application to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to cut and carry away timber off a tract of land in Toquart Inlet, B. C., and described as follows: Commencing at a stake near Statham Point in a small bay; thence north 10 chains; thence east 20 chains; thence south 30 chains; thence west 20 chains, more or less, to beach; thence north following shore line to place of commencement.

July 2, 1890. JOHN STEGAR.

j9-4w

QUEEN CITY

Steam Laundry

FORT STREET.

Goods called for and delivered to all parts of the city.

TELEPHONE 497.

BRANCH OFFICES

74 Yates street and Trounce Ave.

Positively no Chinese employed.

N. B.—Silks, Flannels, and Lace Curtains a specialty.

ROLAND & SMITH, Props.

j9-2i

AUCTION SALE

W. R. CLARKE, AUCTIONEER.

I am instructed by James Deacon, Esq., to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

IN THE

Sale Room, Store Street,

ON

Friday, the 11th July,

AT 11 o'clock,

[illegible]

W. R. CLARKE, Auctioneer.